CARNRICK'S
SOLUBLE FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk, and agrees with all Infants and Children.
THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of Cow's Milk.
CARNRICK & CO., Limited, LONDON.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,205—New Series. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, AUGUST 18, 1890.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

CUTLER, PALMER'S CLARETS.
As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.

Qts. pts.		Qts. pts.
11-8 6-12	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	11-8 6-12
23-0 12-8	" Dinner—St. Julien, and La Rose	23-0 12-8
25-0 14-0		25-0 14-0
35-8 18-12	After Dinner—Chateau Rauzan, Lafit	35-8 18-12
39-8 19-1		39-8 19-12

"C. P. & Co.'s stock and selection of Clarets are the largest and rank as the finest in India."
CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
† SIAM	3041	500	H.T. Weighell...	22nd Aug.
B.I. SUTLEJ	4305	800	G. W.F. Browne	29th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber..	5th Sept.
B.I. MALWA	2970	500	W. J. Nantes.....	12th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell...	19th "
				Saturday.
B.I. PEKIN	3908	700	P. Harris	27th Sept
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber...	4th Oct.
B.I. GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton ..	11th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell..	18th "
B.I. PESHAWUR	3927	800	L. H. Moule	25th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber ..	1st Nov.
B.I. PENINSULAR	5015	1000	H. Wyatt	8th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H.T. Weighell..	15th "
B.I. ARCADIA	6362	1500	W. B. Andrews, R. N. R.	22nd "

The steamers marked B. I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

A Steam Barge leaves the Mazagon Dockyard at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board. Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a.m. on day of sailing.

COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

...ls.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1890.
....	3927	800	L. H. Moule....	28th Aug.
	3511	800	M. de Horne ..	11th Sept.
	3525	800	G. W. Brady.....	25th "

...e above a CARGO STEAMER leaves ...every fortnight, with liberty to call ...

... apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
...dent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

...RALE ITALIANA
...ORIO RUBATTINO.

...alian Mail Steamers
...MBAY for GENOA and ...ular intervals of 20 days ... SUEZ, PORT SAID,

...00, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 ...espectively, inclusive

...be delivered in LON... ...e extent allowed in the

...kets. Special Rates for

... Steamers will LEAVE

	H.P.	To sail on
...	800	20th August 1890.
...	800	10th Sept.
...	800	1st Oct.
...	800	20th Oct.

... LEAVE can now obtain ... to LONDON and BACK ... Genoa or Naples, AT ...s.

...ive Ayahs are charged ..., inclusive of food. In ...50 per cent. extra will be

... & HONGKONG.
To sail,
...the 8th September, 1890.

...tion and other particulars ...&c., apply to
R. PESCIO,
Acting Agent.
...yone Circle, Bombay, Aug. 8, 1890

HUNGARIAN
LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Sept.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger.	4,600	750	1st Oct.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 450.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at especially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	H.P.	To sail.
MEDUSA	G. Costanzo...	3,800	550	15th Sept.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MELPOMENE	G. Vallusching	3,800	550	25th Aug. 90.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Cassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 23rd July, 1890.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 10th September 1890, at 3 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.
"Passengers should be on board early on the morning of departure, as the steamer will leave the docks at 7 a.m."
A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.
BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on
ARMENIA	3,395	G. Read	26th Aug.

THE above steamer has been built to the highest Class and is specially adapted to the East Indian trade. All her staterooms being situated on the Upper deck. She carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and all the conveniences for an Indian passage are supplied.
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.
Bombay, 15th August, 1890.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.
KHANDALLA HOTEL, KHANDALLA.

THIS HOTEL is splendidly situated, and within easy distance from the Railway Station. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificient and a charming view all round.
Apply to
NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGH MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound. Rs. 2 ; Postage, 4 Annas.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, at 11 a. m., on 24th AUGUST, after arrival of incoming, English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Sunder, Abbas, Lings, Bahrein Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA" 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th August.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CULNA," 1,984 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 21st August, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR PLYMOUTH, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about 19th August.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASSA, AND LAMOO.

THE S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on or about 20th August.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 18th August, 1890. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S LIGHT PILSENER BEER,
BRIGHT AND SPARKLING,

POSSESSES good body and colour, with an excellent flavour ; it has not that weak and watery taste which characterizes so many of the so-called Light Beers.
Bottles.....Rs. 5-12 per dozen, Cash.
Half-Bottles.....Rs. 3-14 per dozen, Cash.
TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THACKER & COMPANY, Ld.

ETCHINGS OF BOMBAY.

A COLLECTION of TWELVE BEAUTIFUL ETCHINGS in two series of six each comprising the following views :—

No. 1—The Victoria Terminus.
The Esplanade Road.
University Hall, Library and Clock Tower.
Secretariat.
Malabar Point.
Pydhonee.

No. 2—Back Bay.
Parsee Towers of Silence.
Entrance to Elephanta Caves.
Elephanta Island.
Reversing Station Bhore Ghaut.
Parbutti, Poona.

"Very charming etchings of places of note in the City and Presidency, which deserve to become at once popular. All are executed in a high style of Art, the gradations of light and shade being admirably managed, and the delait conspicuously delicate and clear."—*Times of India.*

"A collection of etchings of Bombay which come as a welcome addition to the portfolio. They are marvels of delicate manipulation, and are remarkably cheap."—*Bombay Gazette.*

Complete series of 12	Rs.	5
Single series of 6	"	3
Artists proofs in cloth portfolio each signed by the Artist (complete set of 12)	"	20
Single series of 6	"	10

THACKER & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 103 Military Messes and twenty-five Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses :—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	London.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms-am-Rhein.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
THOS. MOSLEY AND Co.	Gibraltar.
SACCONE & Co.	Gibraltar.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or.
J. & R. GRANT	Rothes.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
FRANK BAILEY AND Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

BULLOCH, LADE AND CO.,
GLASGOW.

EXTRA SPECIAL, VERY OLD
Highland Liqueur Whisky, Rs. 27 per doz.

Special very old Highland Whisky Rs. 23-8 per doz.
Apply to
LYON & Co.,
Rampart Row.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES,
Specially selected and shipped by Messrs. BLANDY, BROS. & Co., of London.

THE "BLANDY" BRANDS.
DIRECT SUPPLY SYSTEM.

MADEIRAS—From the celebrated "Blandy Stock," 8 qualities, from Rs. 23-8 to Rs. 58-12 per doz. qts.
PORTS—From Hooper Brothers, Oporto, 4 qualities, from Rs. 18-8 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gazteln E. Yrarta, Cadiz, 6 qualities, from Rs. 19 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Rheims, 4 qualities, from Rs. 48 to Rs. 60 per dozen quarts.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A Leon Aine, Boardeaux, 3 qualities, from Rs. 16 to Rs. 24 per dozen quarts.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingin-am-Rhein. 2 qualities (Still), from Rs. 21 to Rs. 25 per doz. qts, 2 „ (Sparkling), from Rs. 40 to Rs. 53 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder & Co, Leith, 2 qualities, from Rs. 23 to Rs. 32 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness, 3 qualities, from Rs. 31 to Rs. 40 per doz. qts.
Detailed List of Prices and Terms from
R. RAMCHANDRA & CO.,
APOLLO HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY,
Sole Agents for the Presidency.

REDUCED PRICES.

TREACHER & Co. have the pleasure to announce a REDUCTION in the PRICES OF WINES, SPIRITS, STORES, &c., &c.

GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE.

MESSRS. GIESLER'S reputation as one of the LEADING CHAMPAGNE HOUSES is thoroughly established in every market in the world. Their "INDIA BRAND" Champagne, wherever introduced, has been invariably admired, and is undoubtedly one of the BEST Wines of its class imported into India.

Price per dozen Quarts, Rs. 58 ; Pints, Rs. 33.

The following well-known Champagnes are also kept in stock :—

	Per dozen. Bottles. Rs. a.	Per Half Bottles. Rs. a.
PERRIER JOUET'S FINEST DRY	54 0	29 8
Do. do. RESERVE CUVEE	61 0	35 0
HEIDSIECK'S DRY MONOPOLE	62 0	35 0
ROEDERER'S RESERVE	63 0	36 0
KOCH FILS	52 0	29 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c.

THE only Lens that can afford the absolute assistance to, and relief needed by, each individual eye, must be that which is constructed from a Mathematical Formula, to exactly neutralize the defect.

It is rare that a truly perfect Pair of Eyes can be met with, but the Sense of Vision can be equalized in all persons, if the Eyes are not affected by Disease.

A complete assortment of our Spectacles, &c., may now be selected from, to remedy every variety of defective vision, and to fulfil the prescriptions of Ophthalmic Surgeons. They may be ordered by either the Metric or the ordinary numbers. These lenses are cut with great precision, and may be relied on for refractive accuracy.

SPECTACLES.
Best *pebbles* for Long or Short Sight.

In Gold Frames, 18-carat	Rs.	27 0
In Aluminium Frames	„	7 0
In Blue Steel Frames	„	6 0
Ladies' new Long Handled Spectacles, "THE LORGNETTE, with best Spherical Pebble Lenses, a most fashionable and elegant form of Hand Glass, chiefly used when taking a drive or walk.		
Gold Frame and Handle	„	125 0
Silver Gilt do.	„	40 & 50
Shell do.	„	20 0

EYE-GLASSES, SINGLE.

Best Pebble, with Cord and Case, for Long or Short Sight	„	3 0
Best Optical Glass do. do. do.	„	1 8

PINCES-NEZ.
Best *pebble* for Long or Short Sight.

In 18-carat Gold Frames, non-pressure Spring, resting very lightly on the face	Rs.	26 0
In Silver Gilt Frames	„	10 0
In Tortoise-shell Turn-pin Frames	„	8 0
In Straight draw-out Spring, Long or Short Sight	„	8 0
Skeleton Folders, Springs and Attachments, rivetted on Lens	„	3 0

EYE PRESERVERS.

Goggles Smoked Glass in Gauze, with Elastic Cord and Japanned Tin Case	„	2 0
Horse-shoe Spectacles	„	5 0
Railway Spectacles, Gauze sides	„	5 0
Spoon-shaped Glasses, Blue Steel Frames	„	4 8
In Nickel-plated Incorrodible Frames, with White, Blue, and Smoke-tinted Lenses	„	5 0

Morocco Cases and Silk Cords supplied.

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A large assortment of HUMAN, ANIMALS, and BIRDS, always in stock.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
19, ESPLANADE, BOMBAY.

TIVOLI "NON PLUS ULTRA" (Eagle Brand).

Per case of 4 doz. quarts. Rs. 22. BEER. Per case of 4 doz. pints, Rs. 16.

IN WHITE GLASS BOTTLES.

Pleasant, Light, and Wholesome, Pronounced to be THE BEST BEER yet imported into the country.

FRESH SUPPLIES RECEIVED EVERY FORTNIGHT.

Special Terms for Messes, Clubs, &c.

WILLIAM GROSSMANN, 105-106, Medows Street, Bombay. SOLE AGENT for the Bombay Presidency.

To be had also of ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.,
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CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of Buildings for Cotton Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description, Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Castings, Road Rollers, &c. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter. Cutters made for Wheel-cutting Machines.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have lately added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, and greatly extended our Foundry.

We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Girders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture and erect same in any part of India.

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A GREAT WANT SUPPLIED! VALVOLINE THE ONLY BEST EVER OFFERED LUBRICANT!

Sole Agents for Messrs. Leonard & Ellis' Celebrated Valvoline Oils for Cylinders and Machinery.
For Downie's "Eucalyptus," Boiler Fluid, for preventing and removing Scale in Boilers.
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„ The Climax Motor, for Baird's Sight-feed Lubricators.
Also Plate, Bar, and Angle Iron of the largest sections. Diamond, Silver and other Steel, and Engineers' Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.
For Sale—Galloways and Cochrane's Boilers, Shank's Engines, Contractors' Pumps and all boiler fittings, pipes, cocks, &c.

WORKS AND OFFICES, DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON ; AND BRANCH FACTORY, CARNAC IRON WORKS, NEAR CARNAC BRIDGE.

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EVERY MAN interested in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent post free.—Mr. E. NORTON, 249, High Holborn London, Eng.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets ; by W. E. H. PRICE Rs. 1-8 postage, anna 1.

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VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10 ; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 ; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper, Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions covering buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15 ; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

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MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,

SUPPLY THEIR
HIGH CLASS WATCHES
OF THE FINEST QUALITY ONLY.
THEY GUARANTEE THEIR WATCHES,
To be provided with
ALL THE LATEST INVENTIONS.
Including their last improvement, *viz.*,
A GOLD HAIRSPRING,
And their MAXIMUM Variation,
IS ONE MINUTE PER MONTH.
INNUMERABLE TESTIMONIALS to the above effect received from THE LEADING OFFICERS and CIVILIANS of the INDIAN EMPIRE, are open for perusal. Immense variety of
PRESENTATION WATCHES,
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In Plain, Chased, Enamelled or Richly Jewelled Cases.
WE INVITE INSPECTION.
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BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade Road, Opposite Clock Tower.
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SILK UMBRELLAS.
GUARANTEED QUALITY
PARAGON FRAMES, (FOX'S)
NATURAL SELECTED STICKS AND HANDLES.

Gent's Rich Twill (GREEN OR BLACK) FOX'S STEEL PARAGON FRAMES. Will Fold Small, Neat, Natural Handles ..... Rs. 12-0 and 14 8
Gent's Rich Spitalfield's Twill Silk (GREEN OR BLACK) FOX'S Steel Paragon Frames, Extra Light Small Folding Fashionable Umbrella, Special Selected Sticks and Handles ... Rs. 15-8 and 17 0

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1890.
KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P. & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage. For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are recommended to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.
PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.
SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling alone.
BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at Low rates ; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired ; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.
IMPORTERS can rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and safely ; a large and experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ, being constantly in attendance on the Bunder, and at the Custom House.
LOANS granted on easy terms. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED, and a copy of Messrs. King, King & Co.'s "Handbook for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on application, free of charge

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA. KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

FLANNELS! FLANNELS!!
TENNIS OR CRICKETING SUITS.
Soft in touch and fine in texture.

	Rs.	a.
STRIPED FLANNELS Coat and Trousers	33	0
WHITE DITTO Coat and Trousers	30	0
FANCY COLOURED SERGES Coat and Trousers	37	0
CAP to match	3	0
WHITE TENNIS SHIRTS	8	8
WHITE OR COLOURED SILK and Wool	8	8
SILK and WOOL SLEEPING SUIT	16	0
FLANNEL DITTO	12	0

THORPE AND CO.,
TAILORS AND SHIRTMAKERS,
RAMPART ROW.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

ARIEL ESTATER LADY FLOATING IN MID-AIR

Who whilst plunged in a deep Magnetic sleep floats gracefully in the air, unsupported by any wires and replies to questions put. This Lady who was exhibited before wondering thousands every night in the Royal Tivoli Gardens, Calcutta, was commented on as being "a marvel" !! No one should therefore fail to see. Open from 4 to 7 and 8 to 10 p.m., EVERY DAY.

ADMISSION, ANNAS 4 ONLY.

HUNGARIAN WINES.

FROM THE WELL KNOWN VINEYARDS OF MESSRS. J. PALUGYAY AND SOHNE PRESSBURG (HUNGARY.)

	1 doz. qts. Rs. a.	2 doz. pts. Rs. a.
Chateaux Palugyay red	18 0	20 0
Pressburger red	14 0	16 0
Hungarian Hock	15 0	17 0
Chateaux Palugyay White	18 0	20 0

Vin du Roi Rs. 21 per dozen Quarts (Excellent Substitute for Port Wine.)

Discount allowed to Clubs, Hotels and Messes ; 1 Cork Screw supplied in each case, samples free on application to

WARDEN & Co.

27, Hummum Street, Fort.

GALLE MUNICIPAL WATER WORKS.

SEALED TENDERS marked on the envelopes "Tenders for supplying Cast Iron Pipes for GALLE WATER WORKS" will be received by the Chairman of the Municipality of Galle upto noon of October 15th for the supply of the following cast iron pipes and casting.

130 tons more or less of 5 ins. internal diameter turned and bored joined cast iron pipes.

23 tons more or less of 3 ins. internal diameter turned and bored jointed cast iron pipes and for such Hanches, bends, flanges, pipes and other special castings as may be required.

Forms of tender and specification may be had on application to the Secretary, Municipal Council, Galle, on payment of a deposit of Rs. 5 ; which deposit will be forfeited if any person declines to enter into the Contract and Bond after his has tendered, or fail to furnish sufficient security. All other deposits will be returned upon acceptance of a Tender.

Sufficient security will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfillment of the Contract.

Time required for the supply of the materials must be stated in the Tender.

The Municipal Council reserves to itself the right of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a Tender.

P. A. TEMPLER,
Chairman M. C.

The Municipal Office, Galle 4th August, 1890.

THE MADRAS UNITED SPINNING WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

ધી મદ્રાસ ઈંડીનાઈટેડ સ્પીનીંગ એન્ડ વીવીંગ મીલ્સ કંપની, લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that an AD-INTRIM DIVIDEND for the half year ending 30th June, 1890, of Rs. 100 per whole share and Rs. 25 per quarter share (free of Income Tax) is declared payable to the registered shareholders of this Company on and after MONDAY the 18th August 1890, between the hours of 12 a. m. and 3 p. m. at the Registered Office No. 3 Tamarind Lane, Fort, on production of Share Certificates.

By order of the Board of Directors.

મુલજી જેઠાની કુંપ,
i. e. MOOLJEE JAITHA & CO.
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 12th August 1890.

N.B. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be closed from 13th to 20th August 1890, both days inclusive.

NOTICE is hereby given that GANPUT PURSHOTUM of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant, has CONTRACTED TO SELL :—

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground containing by admeasurement (40) four hundred and fifty square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuage, tenement, sheds and stables standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the western side of Thakoredwar Road (known also as Breach Candy Road) without the Fort in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration District and sub-district of Bombay, and Registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 45, and new No. 308, old Survey No. 111, and new Survey Nos. 8113, and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under Street No. 414 (1) and (2) and Ward No. 2212 and 2213 and bounded as follows, *i.e.*, on or toward the east by the Breach Candy Road aforesaid, on or towards the west by the property of Eduljee Nusserwanji Sethna, on or towards the south by the properties of Nowrojee Sorabjee Sethna, and the property of the said Eduljee Nusserwanji Sethna, and on or towards the north by a passage.

All persons having any claim against the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No. 3, Eldow Road, opposite the new High Court House, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.—Dated this 16th day of August, 1890.

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THE COORLA SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, Ld.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND at the rate of RUPEES TWENTY per Share for the half year ended 30th June, 1890, will be PAID on and after MONDAY, the 25th instant, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 15th instant, on production of their Share Certificates.

The TRANSFER BOOKS, of the Company, will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 15th to MONDAY, the 25th instant, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

B. & A. HORMARJEE,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 12th August, 1890.

ENLARGED EDITION.
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IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 316 OF 1889.

THUCKER VASSONJEE MUNJEE and LALBHAI GOCULDAS, both of Bombay, Hindoos residing at Girgaum Back Road and Bhooleshwar, respectively two of the Executors of the last Will and Testament of DAMODAR MADHOWJEE, late of Bombay, Hindoo, deceased .....Plaintiffs.

vs.

GORCHANDASS DAMODHUR, of Bombay, Hindoo, residing at Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort, one of the Executors of the last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased, VULLUBDASS DAMODHUR of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant, residing at Malabar Hill, near Walkeshwar Tank, and the Honorable FRANCIS LAW LATHAM Her Majesty's Advocate General for Bombay .....Defendants.

PURSUANT to an Order of Reference of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, made in the above suit and bearing date the 15th day of August, 1889, notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Damodhar Madhavjee, late of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant deceased, the Testator in the pleadings in the above suit mentioned, who died at Bombay on or about the 16th day of September, 1886, are hereby required to file such claims in writing in my Office, in the Court House, within one calender month from the date hereof or in default thereof they will be peremptority excluded from the benefit of the said order.—Dated this 11th day of August, 1890.

CHARLES E. FOX,
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The Sale of Messrs. Cooper, Madon & Co.'s stock will be resumed on WEDNESDAY, the 20th inst., it will include patent medicine, shop furniture, Chubbs safe gas fittings &c.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 19th inst., at 2 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
9 „ „ dhotees.
10 cases T red cambrics.
5 „ prints.
5 „ white shirtings.
5 cases plateglass.
13 ice cream freezers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 quart sizes.
3 cases sponge.
1 cases 100 doz Oppenheimer Brothers and Co's Chlorodyne.
15 cases J. Leremon and Co's brandy in quarts and pints.
1 set best plated English single harness.
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2 musical boxes playing Hindustani airs.
15 boxes bar soap.
1 very handsome teakwood sideboard with arch top and mirror by Wimbridge.

AT 2 P.M.

1 strong and serviceable double seated brougham.
1 „ second-hand office shigram.
1 light serviceable victoria.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

Under instructions from the Committee of adjustment, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 19th inst., at 3 p.m., the effects of the late Major H. W. Ind, consisting of uniform dresses, swords belts, and knots, spurs leather, official case, wearing apparel, Cavalry sketching case, plated spoons and forks, a double barrel C. F. hammerless 12 bore gun by Tolly in case, a 380 rock rifle with cartridges, a double barrel pistol in case, revolver, hunting side and military saddles and bridles, luncheon basket, boots, 2 boxes of orchids, bullock trunks, uniform case, portmenteaus, Gladstone bag, and sundry other articles.

The property is on view.

SALE OF DOUBLE BLEACHED YARN.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 20th inst., at 3 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, on account and at the risk of Mugun Gunput, yarn merchant of Bombay.

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E. S. & Co.			3 bales each 30 bundles of 10 lbs each
818	out of	1151-5	double bleached 6ds. yarn.
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819	out of	1233-37	bleached 40s yarn.
„			
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„			
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820		1228-32	double bleached 50s yarn.

„ Ex s. s. City of Carthage.

818		1297-1301	5 bales each 30 bundles of 10 lbs each double bleached 60s yarn.
„			3 bales each 30 bundles of 10 lbs each,
819	out of	1302-6	double bleached 40s. yarn.
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SALE OF NIXON'S NAVIGATION STEAM COAL.

On THURSDAY next, the 21st instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Clark Bunder, by order of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. P. Nusserwanjee and Co., who have failed to take delivery—

About 166 tons, Nixon's Navigation Steam Coal, ex. s.s. Dunedin.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale,

AUCTION SALE OF THE VERY VALUABLE LIBRARY, BELONGING TO THE LATE SHRIPAD BABAJEE THAKUR, Esq., B. A., C. S., BARRISTER-AT-LAW.

On TUESDAY, the 2nd September, and the following days, at 2 p.m., each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, the above valuable library, consisting of about 3,000 to 3,500 books, relating to English, French, German, Latin, Greek, Sanskrit, Hebrew, Arabic, Persian, and Chinese literature, English history, Law and Mathematics, both in English and French. &c.

Catalogues, are published, and the library is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 6th September, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Napean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome French polished carved and plain black-wood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet toned cottage pianoforte, by S. Rose and Co., folding harmonium, handsome marble clock Hink's table and hanging kerosine oil lamps, oil paintings and oleographs, Britsons and Persian carpets, superior table ornaments, Japanese flower vases, and wall plates, &c, the property of a gentleman.

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A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR CAPITALISTS.

UNRESERVED SALE OF THE VILLAGE OF CHENDOWLEE NEAR POWAY IN THE DISTRICT OF TANNA.

On SATURDAY, the 6th September, at 1 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, without reserve by order of all parties concerned.

The village of Chendowlee in the Talooka of Salsette in the district of Tanna, containing about 122 beegas of sweet batty ground, about 7 beegas of village ground, about 170 beegas of Bhaut ground and about 251 beegas of hilly ground, in all about 551 beegas. It includes a pucka-built Bungalow, cooking room and outhouses, and several wells. There are 2,000 to 3,000 of mango and other fruit trees besides hundreds of brab date, teak and other trees. The village is about an hour's drive from the Railway Stations of Coorla and Anderi.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 13th August, 1890.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF RUBIES.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 18th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, on account and risk of Roopchand Oodeychand—

1 lot 77 excellent rubies weighing 23½ rutties.
1 „ 433 „ „ „ 34½ „
1 „ 252 „ „ „ 37 „
1 lot 651 rough rubies weighing 45½ rutties.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at 101, Napean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome black wood and teakwood French polished household furniture of the latest design, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oil paintings in gilt frame, handsome Hink's patent duplex table and hanging kerosine lamps, rich Brussel carpets, &c., &c., the property of B. D. ARMOUR, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PEARLS.

On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, by order of Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co., and on account and risk of the concerned—

A lot of very valuable, unrifled pearls, weighing about 457 chows or 1,009 carats.

A deposit of 25 per cent, will be required at the time of sale.

On SUNDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bandora Hill, Bandora, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oleographs in gilt frame, handsome Hink's patent table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c, the property of Captain E. F. Walker, R. A.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 3, Grants Buildings, the valuable and handsome blackwood and blackwood French-polished household furniture, plated glass, and crockery ware, China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, oleographs and pictures in gilt frame, Hinks patent duplex table and hanging kerosine lamps, Brussels and Persian carpets, a first-rate mahogany cottage pianoforte, &c., &c, the property of H. HUGGETT, Esq.

The property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF THE VALUABLE VACANT PIECE OF LAND AT WORLEE.

Under instructions from the administratrix of the estate of the late Mr. Sorabjee Jejeebhoy, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on SATURDAY, the 6th proximo, at 4 p. m., sell by Public Auction at their rooms, the following valuable, vacant ground :—

All that vacant piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement 14,283 square yards or thereabouts, and is bounded as follows :—that is, on the east by the Government ground, on the west by the properties of Bhasker Govindjee and others, on the north by the property of Bhasker Govindjee and Dhasjee Hirjee, and on the south partly by the ground of Vithoba Bhimjee, and partly by the Government ground.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 15th August, 1890.

NEW FURNITURE FOR OLD.

A BOTTLE of DRUMMOND and Co.'s Furniture polish (as used in their wellknown Bangalore Furniture manufactory) will make a whole Drawing room look like new.

Clearest instructions and all material with each bottle, so that any one can use it.

Price Re. 1 per bottle.
By post Rs. 1-8.

Send a post card to

DRUMMOND AND Co., Bangalore.

AGENTS WANTED.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail, 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged ; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Club, will be held in the Club-House, on Monday, the 25th August, 1890, at 5-30 p. m.

JAS. B. HAWORTH,
Honorary Secretary.

23rd July, 1890.

NOTICE.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half-year ended 30th June last, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, free of Income Tax, will be paid, on application, on and after the 18th instant, to registered Shareholders on the 5th August, 1890.

GREAVES, COTTON &

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	6 pr. ct.	Rs. 927½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	980
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	920
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Chartered Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Chartered Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ pr. ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	105
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	160

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar P.	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,000xd
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	700xd
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	Nil.	220
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	385xd
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	20	165
Bombay National S. W. Co. Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	...	560
Broul's Cawnpore Press Co, Ld.	5	200	200	16	95
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	55	390
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,250
English Press and Manfg. Co., Ld.	400	250	...	...	180
Fort	150	8,500	6,500	150	1,175
French	300	500	all	50	530
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	30	450
Hengoll Press	750	100	all	...	155
Press Co., Ld.					
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	6,00	1,000	1,000	...	500
Kangaum	240	450	450	45	200
madpura					
G, and Ld.	300	500	500	pr ct.	50
	1,000	125	125	10	55
	3,125	400	400	50	440
	1,000	250	all	25	175
	1,200	500	500	45	175
	4,000	125	125	11	102½
	300	500	500	40	375
	...	500	50	120	500
	...	500	500	2	500
	1,000	1,000	1,000	25	1,150
	1,000	750	750	50	680
	50	2.0	..	..	230
	1,000			60	650

...ANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
	200			10	220
	150			7½	170
	50			10	50
	100			14	122
	185			18	40 xdis
	All.			Nil.	100nom
	$1,000			70	725xd
	1,500			135	3,300
	675			33½	825
	100			5	90xd
	500			6 pr. ct.	630
	500			50 Dvd.	775
	100			4 pr. ct.	90
	500			Nil	425
Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	...	182½
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	5,000	7½ pr. ct.	700
Geyer & Co. Ld	500	100	70	...	70 nm
Indian Guarantee Surety-ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	11½
Indian Fire Insurance Co	250	4,000	1,000	90	1,100
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	75 xcd
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26½	356
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	60
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	55
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,00	100	100	10 pr. ct.	55
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	
Napier Foundry	1, 00	100	200	...	
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	200
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	22
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	70
Port Canning Co	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	395
Prince of Wales Fire In.	250	8,000	1,000	No Dvd	1,500
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	...	6
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	89
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	...	85
Treacher and Co.	2,000	500	all	35	1,040
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	120
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	5-8	11½
Western India Flour	..	...	...	...	20

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	All	5 p.c.	2,375
B. B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	...	£18	...	do.	420

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,300
Alliance	11,500	1,000	all	20	450
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	2	67
Bellary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 pr. ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	690
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co	600	500	500	20	400
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	885
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	50	905
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	15	555
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	10	615
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	40	455
David Mill	3,000	500	500	15	485
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	800
Express	2,100	500	all	15	555
Jamjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	15	440
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	120
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	40	825
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bulloughs	11,500	500	500	25	535
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	30	705
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	25	350
Indian Manfg.	600	1,000	1,000	50	945
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	15	555
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	347½
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,600	250	250	12½	247½
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	45	790
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	695
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	560
Leopold	3,500	100	100	5	175
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	820
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,000
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	9 pr. ct.	500 nm
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	50	1,195
azagon	5,000	250	250	5	92½
Morarji Gooculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,600
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	175
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	20	610
riental	5,725	625	625	10	365
People of India	1,000	250	250	Nil.	35
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	35	1,030
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,400
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,270
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	350
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	120
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12½	240
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Nil.	252½
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	620
Swadesh Mills	3,000	500	500	Nil.	305
Victoria Mills	650	1,000	1,000	24	340
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	5	615
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	760
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	50	1,000
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	...	635

THE reports received in Cairo from the frontier as to the condition of affairs in the Dervish country are deplorable. Each deserter or refugee confirms the story given by his predecessor. Famine and sickness appear to be ravaging the whole district from Dongola to Khartoum. An Arab merchant who has arrived from Omdurman describes the situation as follows:—"On my way from the south I was horrified to see the terrible state of the country through which I passed; village after village practically deserted, the inhabitants having fled through want of food, or in order to escape being compelled to join the Mahdi's forces."

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Music at the Royal Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 16th.—Palamcotta (s), Calcutta; and Nizam (s), Calcutta. Yesterday:—Colaba (s), Calcutta; Kt. Commander (s), Tyne; and Teheran (s), Jeddah.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Aspatria left the dock on Saturday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Poseidon left the dock on Saturday.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.—Nusserwanjee Dadabhoy, residing at Sonapore Lane, reports having dropped a leather purse, containing four currency notes, of the collective value of Rs. 100, somewhere between his residence and Cheera Bazaar, on Friday last.

A CORRECTION.—In our advertisement columns of Saturday last an error in figures was made in the suit number 212 of 1889 from Messrs. Mansukhlal, Damudar and Jamsetjee. Under the heading of *Nos. of Notes* we quoted the figures of the last number as 054856 instead of 034856; and the amount of note 1,000 instead of 10,000.

A CRICKET MATCH.—A cricket match will be played to-day (Monday) and Tuesday between the Baronet Cricket Club and the Ahmednugger Gymkhana, at Ahmednugger. The following shall represent the Baronet team:—M. E. Pavri (captain), B. D. Gagrat, D. B. Tapia, Bapasola, Panthakie, Dubash, Ayrton, Eranee, Morenas, J. Daroowalla, Daboo, and B. Daroowalla.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT.—Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Saturday, Inspector Stanford charged Wallah Jeewa with the theft of a quantity of rice. The prisoner was found in the act of stealing at the Carnac Bunder by a ramosee, who handed him over to the police. Prisoner, on admitting three previous convictions, was sent to jail, with six months' hard labour.

SPECIAL SERVICES.—The third day of the feast of N. S. de Boa Morte and Sacra Familia, came off on Friday last. The church was decorated. Solemn vespers commenced at 6-30 p. m., and were presided over by his Lordship the Bishop of Damaun, who also preached a very edifying and instructive sermon, and concluded the ceremony with the benediction of the Blessed Sacrament. The music was excellent.

WATER POLO AT THE SWIMMING BATH.—The polo match, which took place at the Back Bay Baths on Saturday afternoon, was won by Messrs. Hyde, Traylen, Solon Guez, and Gymer, who take the medals presented for the event. Three teams, all formed of members of the Bombay Swimming Club, competed, the winners succeeding in defeating both teams opposed to them, consisting, respectively of Messrs. Hind, Beckerley, Graham, and a substitute, and Messrs. Garlic, Pillow, Pyrke and Ouider, by two goals to love in each case.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the 4th Bombay Rifles will play the following programme of music at the Yacht Club, this evening, at 5-45:—

Overture	Silvana ... Weber.
Gavotte	Herzliebchen ... Burald.
Valse	Mon Amour ... Bucalossi.
Hunting Scene	Earling Morning ... Bucalossi.
Valse	Prés de toi ... Waldteufel.
Fantasia	Patience ... Sullivan.
Polka	Tout á la Joie ... Fahrbach.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PICKPOCKETING AT THE WALKE SHWAR FAIR.—At the Girgaum Police Court on Saturday, Inspector Greyhurst charged Khanjee Dharsey before Mr. Richardson, with stealing a purse, containing Rs. 12-2-6, from the pocket of Nilkunt Kessew, while at Walkeshwar Fair, on Friday last. It appears that the accused was walking along by the side of the complainant, at the Walkeshwar Fair, when complainant felt his pocket being pulled by some person, and found the purse missing. He immediately seized the accused, and handed him over to the police, who, on searching him, found the purse with its contents in his possession. Khanjee was convicted, and sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

A JUVENILE THIEF.—At the Esplanade Police Court on Saturday, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Hack charged a Hindoo lad, named Gokool Nunkoo, with the theft of a gold embroidered cap, valued at Rs. 16. The complainant, Ambaram Bugwan, a goldsmith, doing business in Mombadevie, recognised the cap, which, he said, had been snatched off the head of his daughter by the prisoner on Friday night, whilst he was returning from Walkeshwar. On securing the cap the boy immediately decamped, but on being followed by a policeman dropped it in the street, and was eventually secured near the Mombadevie Tank. The brother of the complainant who had been present at the time the boy was seen to remove the cap, submitted corroborative evidence. On pleading guilty to the offence, the youthful delinquent, as there being a previous charge against him, was sent to the Sassoon Refor matory for a term three years.

AN OLD JAIL BIRD COMMITTED TO THE SESSIONS.—At the Girgaum Police Court on Saturday, Inspector Greyhurst brought up on remand a notorious character, named Gopinath Ramchunder, against whom there appeared a register of three previous convictions, twice by the High Court Sessions, and once by a Magistrate, and charged him before Mr. Richardson, with stealing a pair of gold wristlets, valued at Rs. 40 from a Hindu girl, aged five years, the daughter of Chintamon Balcrishna, residing at Gaumdavie, on the 17th July last. It appears the girl accompanied her father to the Babulnath Temple, at Gaumdavie, on the morning of the date in question. The father went to the temple to perform certain religious ceremonies, leaving his daughter at the dewankhana of a house, opposite the temple, to play about, when the accused came up to the little girl and removed the pair of gold wristlets from her wrists. He said that he would make them larger, so that they would not hurt her wrist, and the unsuspecting child believing him allowed him to take the wristlets. When her father came out of the temple she related what had occurred. The father at once reported the matter to the police, who succeeded in arresting the accused, and recovered the gold wristlets from a Marwaree, named Bheema Hooka, at Candawady, with whom the stolen article had been pledged by the accused for Rs. 30. The Magistrate, after recording the evidence for the prosecution, formally committed Gopinath Ramchunder for trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the High Court.

FEAST OF THE ASSUMPTION AT ST. PETER'S, BANDORA.—Yesterday, the Lady Sodalists of the Blessed Virgin Mary celebrated with much pomp the second anniversary of the inauguration of their Sodality, in St. Peter's Church, Bandora. The news that ladies were to take part in the singing having travelled far and wide, brought together a large concourse of persons from distant parts of Bombay and Salsette; and the church was consequently crowded almost to suffocation. Many had to content themselves by standing outside. As became the event the church, as usual, was very neatly decorated. Divine Service were preceded by a lively March by Mr. P. D'Silva, well played by an amateur orchestra, consisting of some young men of the community. The Mass chosen for the occasion was one of Haydn's composition (No. 2), the execution of which displayed much taste and reflects great credit on the ladies' choir as also on the amateur orchestra that accompanied the singing. The soloists sustained their respective parts remarkably well, but it may not be amiss to observe, as it is susceptible of marked improvement with a slight effort, that the soprano and alto soloists lacked that fullness and brilliancy of sound that characterizes artistic singing. But this, of course, is very excusable in amateur lady singers, whose natural timidity must have been heightened by the fact that the majority of them ventured for the first time to sing in public a classical composition of such a master as Haydn. Miss Esperance, who merits the credit of having formed the choir and trained the singers for the occasion, very ably presided at the harmonium throughout the services. Rev. Fr. Jurgens, S.J., delivered a very impressive sermon upon the Blessed Virgin Mary to the congregation in general, and the Sodalists in particular, dwelling with much force and eloquence upon the grandeur of her glory and the power of her intercession. *Tantum Ergo* by Mr. P. D'Silva followed the Mass, and the Divine Service terminated with *Magnus Dominus*.

HOME REMITTANCES.

THE following is the weekly memorandum of remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills, up to the 13th August, 1890:—

	£
Amount to be remitted during 1890-91	14,989,000
Remitted from the 1st April to the 9th August, 1890	6,606,700
Balance to be remitted from the 10th August 1890 to 31st March 1891	8,382,300

IMPORTANT QUESTION ON A BILL OF EXCHANGE.

SULLEMAN HOOSEIN *vs.* THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

AT the Appeal Court, on Friday, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Bayley delivered their decision on a rule nisi, granted by their lordships in this case, calling upon the plaintiffs to show cause why the Appeal Court should not review its judgment delivered on the 4th ult. The Hon. Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owan, appeared for the bank, the defendants and appellants; and Mr. Starling, instructed by Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham, appeared for the plaintiff and respondent, in whose favour the Appeal Court had given its judgment affirming the judgment of Mr. Hart, Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court.

The Chief Justice, in delivering the judgment, said:—In this case we granted a review of our judgment on the questions referred to us by the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court, on the ground that our decision in favour of the plaintiff rested on a section of the code which had never been relied on by the plaintiff nor had been the subject of argument before us at the hearing of the reference. In granting this review, we acted upon the view taken by the Privy Council in 12 I. App. 51. The grounds of our previous decision were that the instrument sued on was an ambiguous instrument within the meaning of section 17 of the Negotiable Instruments Act and that the plaintiff could elect to treat it as a promissory note. With respect to the first proposition we thought, and are still of opinion, that, having regard to the English law upon which the Indian Act, as Mr. Chalmers remarks in his notes in the Act, was based, and more particularly to the case of Miller *vs.* Thompson, 3 M. and G, where the instrument was similar to the present one, and lastly to the fact that, by the English Bills of Exchange Act, sections 5 and 73, such an instrument is treated as an ambiguous instrument, the instrument sued upon is one within the contemplation of section 17. It has, however, been now contended that in any view of the Act, there can be no election here after payment by the bank in Bombay, but that in any case the plaintiff had already elected to treat instruments sued on as a bill of exchange by the form of his summons and particulars, and the issues raised at the hearing, and that no fresh election could, therefore, now be made. It is not necessary to consider the first objection, as we are of opinion that the second must prevail. The summons and particulars of claim, which had not been alluded to in the first argument before us, and were not present to our minds when we answered the questions referred to us, show that the plaintiff treated the instrument as a bill of exchange drawn by the Oriental Bank at Mauritius on the same bank at Bombay; and the statemant of the Judge of the Small Causes Court further shows that the only question between the parties at the hearing was, whether the instrument was a bill of exchange, as contended by the plaintiff, or a cheque as contended by the defendants. It was indeed argued by Mr. Starling for the plaintiff that the plaintiff had previously elected to treat the instrument as a promissory note, because he has not given notice of dishonour; but it is plain that the omission to do so cannot be so regarded, as any such intention to elect to treat the instrument as a promissory note, is rebutted by the subsequent pleadings in the case to which we have referred. The above remarks suffice to distinguish the case from Miller *vs.* Thomson 3 M. and G. 576, where the plaintiff declared as on a promissory note and so excused himself for not having given notice of dishonour. We must, therefore, accede to the argument that having already elected to treat the instrument as a bill of exchange, it was no longer open to him to elect under section 17 to treat it as a note. It becomes necessary, therefore, to arrive at a distinct conclusion on the question, which we left undecided, whether treating the instrument as a bill of exchange and having regard to its terms as a cheque to which section 85 is therefore applicable, the bank as drawers of the instrument are discharged by payment to the *de facto* holder, who presented it for payment. It is to be remarked that the language of the corresponding section 60 of the English Bills of Exchange Act of 1882 differs materially from that of section 85. The former provides that the payment by the banker "shall be deemed to have been made in due course," which again by section 59 is declared to have the effect of discharging the bill, and, therefore, of preventing any further proceedings on it. But under section 85 (which is found in a chapter dealing with the discharge of the drawees and drawers respectively), the drawee only is stated to be discharged, and such discharge would not of itself also discharge the drawer, as by section 37 the maker of a cheque is the principal debter and not the surety. However, by section 30 the drawer of a bill of exchange or cheque is only bound to compensate the holder in case of dishonour by the drawee or acceptor, and by section 92 a promissory note, bill of exchange, or cheque, is said to be dishonoured by non-payment when the maker of the note, acceptor of the bill, or drawee of the cheque, makes default in payment upon being duly required to pay, *i. e.*,—reading this section in connection with section 30—by the holder, who by the definition in section 8 must mean the *de jure* holder. The question, therefore, is whether the cheque was dishonoured when payment was required by the plaintiff, and refused on the ground that it had already been paid to the *de facto* holder of the note; and this must depend upon whether there was "default" in payment. "Default" is explained in Wharton's Dictionary as "the omission of that which a man ought to do;" and construing default in that sense, it may be said that having regard to sec. 85 it was not the duty of the bank as drawee to pay the plaintiff when required to do so. This question is discussed by Cockburn, C.J., delivering the judgment of the Court of Appeal in Charles *vs.* Blackwell, 2nd C. P. Division, 159, in construing the effect of section 19 of 16 and 17 Victoria, chapter 59, which provides that a cheque payable to order on demand under circumstances contemplated by section 85 of the Indian Act shall be a sufficient authority to the bank to pay the amount of the draft to the bearer thereof. The Chief Judge says—"On refusing to pay it a second time the bankers would not dishonour it. If the plaintiff should say, 'Yes, you have paid it, but to one who had no title to the cheque,' the answer would be that it had been paid to one to whom the banker was authorised to pay it by operation of the statute." Here the language of section 85 is different, but it may be said that the banker had presumable authority to pay, because by the terms of the section he is discharged if he pays it. By this course of reasoning the conclusion is arrived at that the cheque was not dishonoured by the bank by refusing to pay the plaintiff in Bombay, and therefore that the bank as drawers are not liable. This conclusion agrees with what we have already said is clearly the effect of the English Act, and we think it should be accepted. But it is to be regretted that on a question of so much importance to the commercial world the answer should not be found in an express provision, but should be left to be inferred by a process of reasoning. We must therefore answer the first question in the affirmative, and the second in the negative.

ARREST OF ANOTHER GANG OF BURGLARS.

WHAT appears to have been a daring act of burglary committed at the hands of an organized band of robbers, came under the notice of the police on Tuesday last, when first the ringleader, and subsequently the other members, of the band were apprehended. The spot which the burglars had selected on that day for breaking into, was the godown of Messrs. Charles Forbes and Company, Ahmedabad Street, Mandvee. Last Tuesday night Kursun Kairaj, with four others, broke into the above storehouse, and when the place was opened on the following morning, property of the value of Rs. 200 was found missing. The warehouse was thoroughly searched in order to ascertain how the robbers effected an entrance, the doors having been securely fastened. It was discovered an entrance had been gained through a hole which had been made in the roof and from which the floor was gained by a rope. As no traces of either the robbers or the property could be found, the police resorted to a plan which, though not directly successful, ultimately led to the apprehension of one of delinquents. The rope was still left suspended with a policeman on the watch within the godown. On the following night the first accused revisited the premises an alarm was raised, but before any one could get into the godown, the robber had escaped, having climbed up the rope again on to the roof above. He then ran along several godowns, but was eventually arrested on the top of an iron foundry. His companions, four in number, were subsequently arrested, when it was discovered they had been instrumental in disposing of property. Inspector Butterfield charged the whole of the accused on Saturday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court. From the investigations of the police, the property, which consisted of piece-goods, was traced to a vacant warehouse in Mandvee; whence it was removed to another house, which had been hired by one of the prisoners and there divided among them. On the application for a postponement, pending further enquiries, the prisoners were remanded in custody.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the CHIEF JUSTICE and Mr. Justice TELANG.)

A CLAIM ON A CONFLICTING TITLE.

LUIS MANOEL DE PENHA *vs.* JALBHOY ARDASIR SETT.

THIS was an appeal by the plaintiff from a decision of the First-class Subordinate Judge of Thana, who, on the 2nd July, 1889, rejected the plaintiff's claim with costs. Mr. Wasudeo J. Kirtikar appeared for the plaintiff and appellant, while the Hon. Mr. Macpherson, Advocate-General, with Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Balkrishna and Dikshit, appeared for the defendant and respondent.

It appeared that the plaintiff claimed a right to certain property, consisting of rice and *varkas* or grass lands, together with two wells situated upon the land, and asked for an injunction to restrain the defendant from interfering with his possession thereof. At the close of the case, however, the First-class Subordinate Judge dismissed the suit. The plaintiff thereupon appealed from the judgment on the following among other grounds:—That the lower court erred in holding that the property did not belong to the Rev. Mingael De Penha; that it was wrong in applying the principle of primogeniture without any issue or any evidence upon that point; that it erred in not giving a decision on one of the issues in the case; that the respondent having, by putting in a certain exhibit, shut out evidence on the question of possession, the lower court ought to have decreed in favour of the appellant's claim in its entirety, or at least so far as the prayer for an injunction was concerned. It was urged further that the lower court erred, under the circumstances of the case, in calling upon the appellant to prove his title; and that the evidence adduced by the respondent as to his own possession and his assignor's title was either irrelevant or unreliable; that the lower court erred in holding a former decree, produced by the appellant, to be fraudulent and collusive, whereas it was *bona fide* and binding on the respondent. It was also contended that the lower court omitted to consider the suspicious conduct of Pedro's mortgages, and of the respondent who claimed under them: and that it ought to have at least declared the appellant's title as to a moiety of the property in dispute, and held them entitled to redeem the other moiety in his capacity of heir of the original mortgagor, &c.

The Chief Justice, in disposing of the appeal, said that the plaintiff alleged he was the owner of certain properties, and he based his claim on a decree of the Nasik Court; and on that title he claimed to have the defendant restrained from obstructing his enjoyment of the property. It appeared the defendant claimed the property under a mortgage from the plaintiff's father executed in 1875. Their lordships held that the plaintiff failed to establish a title to the property or a title necessary for an injunction. He ought to have shown some legal or contractual basis for his claim. The defendant's title was not impeached by the title alleged by the plaintiff; and the appeal was, therefore, dismissed with costs

COMMENCEMENT OF THE WARBURTON CASE.

A COMPLAINT was on Wednesday filed in the Court of the District Magistrate of Lahore by Mr. Warburton against the proprietor, editor, and printer of the *Tribune* newspaper, published at Lahore, on allegations of defamation in nine issues of the *Tribune*. The names of the parties referred to are:—Sirdar Dyal Singh Majita, Sital Kant Chatterji and Ahmed Ali, respectively. Messrs. Sinclair, Gouldsbury, and Carr-Stephen appeared for Mr. Warburton, and Messrs. P. C. Chatterji and J. C. Basu watched the case on behalf of the first named accused, Dyal Singh, who is the proprietor of the *Tribune* newspaper. Mr. Warburton was briefly examined in support of his petition, and summonses were ordered to be issued for the 5th September, 1890, against all accused. The case, we understand, will be heard by Mr. Kennedy, the present District Magistrate of Lahore.

The following is the text of the complaint:—

The petition of J. P. Warburton, a District Superintendent of Police, Punjab, late of Amritsar, and now of Sialkot. (1.) That the abovenamed persons are the proprietor, editor, and printer, respectively, of the *Tribune* newspaper, printed and published at Anarkally, Lahore. (2.) That in the dates hereinafter specified, *i.e.*, the 26th April, 5th, 10th, 14th, and 21st May; 7th and 25th June, and 23rd July; the said Dyal Singh, Sital Kant Chatterji and AhmedAli defamed the petitioner at Lahore by making and publishing concerning him the words and matters set out in the 13 extracts from the *Tribune* newspaper in respect of which the complaint is filed. (3.) That the said words and matters were intended by the said accused to harm, and that they knew or had reason to believe that the said words and matters would harm the petitioner's reputation. (4.) That the words and matters contained in the *Tribune* newspaper of the 4th, 7th, and 25th June and 23rd July conveying imputations upon the character and conduct of petitioner's deceased mother would harm the reputation of the said mother, if living; and are intended to be hurtful to the feelings of the petitioner and his children. The petitioner, therefore, charges the said accused persons under section 500 of the Indian Penal Code, and prays that they may be dealt with according to law.

It is possible, we understand, that a further petition will be presented shortly by Mr. Warburton against a subordinate officer of the Educational Department, who is believed to be the writer of the letter, which appeared in the issue of the *Tribune* of 4th June, containing false charges affecting Mr. Warburton's private family matters.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—AUGUST 16.

Baldock, Lieut, Beng M Batt, on privilege leave, from Ajmere.

Stokes, Lieut, Bo, the King's Own Regt, to rejoin, from Poona.

DEPARTURES.—AUGUST 15.

Laurence, Lieut, Bo, R E, on duty, to Deolali.

Stokes, Lieut, Bo, the King's Own Regt, to rejoin, to Karachi.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

Adjutant General's Office, Head-Quarters,
Poona, 15th August, 1890.

The Commander-in-Chief is pleased to make the following appointments:—

S and M—Surgn Major W A Barren, I M S, in medl. charge, 16th Bo In., to offte in medl. charge, vice Surg Major J Davidson, I M S, transferred to Civil Dept.

4th Regt (1st Bn Rifle Regt) Bo I—Surgn G W Jenney, I M S, on genl duty, Bo Dt, to offte in medl. charge, vice Surgn J P Barry, I M S, transferred.

16th Bo I—Surgn H F Cleveland, I M S, on genl. duty, Bo Dt, to offte in medl. charge, vice Surgn Major W A Barren, I M S, transferred.

21st Bo I (Marine Bn)—Surgn J P Barry, I M S, in medl. charge 4th Regt (1st Bn R Regt) Bo I, to offte in medl charge, vice Surgn Major G E E Burroughs, I M S, on sick leave.

With reference to A O, No 68 of 14th Feb. last, clause II, it is intimated that Lieut M J Tighe, D S O, is seconded in his Regt up to 1st June 1891.

With reference to G O G No 434 of 13th inst, Lieut W M Watson, 1st West Rdg Regt, having ceased to be A-D-C, to the Political Resident at Aden, is directed to proceed to England and rejoin his Battalion.

The undermentioned officer has leave of absence:—

Medl Staff—Surgn C R Kilkelly to remain in England, in extension, for one month on p.a.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY, COMMANDING B. V. R. CORPS.

Bombay, 18th August, 1890.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. There will be drill with swords for all Recruits at the Town Hall at 5-30 p.m., on Tuesday, the 19th, and Friday, the 22nd instant.

2. There will be riding drill for all Recruits on Wednesday, the 20th, and Saturday, the 23rd instant, at 7 a.m., at the Riding School, Chowpatty. Plain clothes.

Military bridles to be worn.

By Order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain, and Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, Commanding Bo. Vol. Artillery.

Bombay, 18th August, 1890.

For the week commencing Monday, 18th August, 1890:—

1. The following drills will take place this week at Head-quarters:—

Morning Drills.

19th Tuesday, 20th Wednesday, 21st Thursday, 22nd Friday.—7 a.m. Gun drill.

Evening Drills.

20th Wednesday,—6-30 p. m. Carbine drill for Recruits. 22nd Friday, 6-30 p. m. Gun drill.

2. There will be a Battery Committee Meeting at Head-quarters on Thursday, the 21st instant, at 6-45 p.m.

By Order,
(Sd.) A. LESLIE Captain, Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Barque Sophia Joakim, 1,006 tons, Nacoda, cleared on Saturday last for Calcutta with the same bottom cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Colaba 1,070 tons, Captain A Broughton, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo and 66 deck passenger.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steam-ship Nizam, 2,041 tons, Captain H R Burligh, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo and seven deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Kilwa, 993 tons, Captain J Skinner, cleared on Saturday last for the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Lieut L F I de N Stockes, Mr Moola T bin Mahomed, Mr A Abcolahad, and 66 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Palamcotta, 2,207 tons, Captain T P Nailer, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr W Carter, Mr J Barker, Mr G Harle, Mr W Shepherd, Mr F Webb, Mr A Williams, and two deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—AUGUST 16.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Clio	1779	Rea	B	Finlay Muir & Co.
„ Taif	757	Robinson	F	Hajee Cassum.
„ Emrenfels	1521	Kayser	L	Glade & Co.
„ Henzada	1340	Avern	N	B I S N Co
„ Aspatria	1838	Veale	P	C. Edulji.
„ Europa	1433	Jones	Q	K Nixon & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Armenia	2218	Read	2	W & A Graham.
„ R Rubattino	3014	Merello	3	N G Italiana.
„ Nizam	1615	Jephson	8	P & O S N Co
„ Waverly	2022	Calvert	12	K. Nixon & Co
„ W. Hall	2640	Buck	13	E Bates & Co.
„ Purulia	993	Houstoun..	20 tons craue.	B I S N Co.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
16	Palamcotta (s)	Nailer	Calcutta, July 20.
	Nizam (s)	Burligh	Calcutta, July 25

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

"BURGUNDIES," especially suitable during the rains. *Macon, Beaune, Pommard, Chablis, Chambertin*, imported direct from Nuits, (Cote d' Or) by PHIPSON and Co., Bombay.

JAS. McCABE, of ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON.—A few of the above maker's GOLD WATCHES in hunting and crystal cases are now FOR SALE.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Opposite the Clock Tower, Bombay and Poona.

SCHIEDMEYER PIANOFORTES.—We are sole appointed agents for India and Burmah for the Schiedmayer Pianoforte Fabrik, Stuttgart. Illustrated and detailed lists on application. SOUNDY and Co., Ld.

MLLE H. KRAUS, FRENCH MILLINER, Albert Buildings, 1st Floor, Fort, Bombay.—Is SELLING OFF her STOCK of stylishly trimmed and untrimmed Hats and Bonnets for ladies and children, French Crape, Feathers, Tulle, in all colour, and a choice selection of Sash and other Ribbons. Please Note.—That the Sale will only last till the 28th inst., as the Establishment will be CLOSED after this date.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Open all year Round the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Apply to Proprietor.

FOLDING or TRAVELLING HARMONIUMS, complete in case; with 5 stops in solid Walnut Veneered case—Compass 3 octaves—This Instrument shuts in a box Rs. 140.—STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

MINIATURE BILLIARD TABLE, by J. Wright, London, 9' by 4½' Slate Bed, Mahogany Stand, complete with 3 Balls, 12 Cues, 1 Rest, and 1 Marking Board. GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

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POONA SEASON.—TO LET, at Poona, a large and very comfortable BUNGALOW, No. 6, Right Flank Lines, Wanowri. Rent moderate.- Apply to PROPRIETORS, *Deccan Herald*, Poona.

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WATERPROOF TWEED HOLDALLS.—The most useful Article for Travellers, Holding Wraps, Bedding and other Articles, superior quality Rs. 18, 20, 22.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

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FIRE BRICKS and FIRE CLAY for sale Prices very moderate. Apply JAMES H. LATIMER & Co., 40, Forbes Street, Bombay.

REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.—By Sir W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price annas eight, postage free.

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ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!!—The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Rs. 48 for one year, 25 for 6 months, 13 for 3 months. Rs. 6 per month in advance, postage extra.

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A GREAT REDUCTION has been made for the coming slack season, till January next.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, AUG. 16.

BAR Silver was again ⅛d. per oz. higher in London yesterday at 52d.; and Rupee Securities advanced 1⅛ per cent. in each denomination, say to £84⅛ and £86, respectively. Further extra allotments of Council drafts, aggregating eight lakhs, (of which, however, only one lakh was on Bombay) were made to the three Presidencies at 1s. 8d. and 1s. 8 1-32d., the latter rate showing an advance of 5-32d. or the higher price obtained for Thursday's extra Bills, and 9-32d. on the regular allotment rate on Wednesday. Consols were ⅛ per cent. lower at 96⅛, though the rates of discount were unaltered; but Indian Sterling Loan was ¼ higher at 107¾. The exchange Banks' buying rate on India, at 30 days' sight, was unaltered.

To-day there was a further advance of ⅛d. in the price of Silver at 52⅛d. per oz.; while Rupee Securities were 1⅛ per cent. higher in Fours, and 1⅛ in 4½ per cents. at £86⅞ for the former, and £87¾ for the latter. 2½ lakhs more Council Bills on Calcutta were placed at the enhanced rates of 1s. 8 3-32 to 5-32d.; and the Banks' buying rate was advanced to 1s. 7⅞d. Consols remained at 96½; but the market rate of discount was ⅛ per cent. lower, at 3⅝. French Rentes in Paris were unaltered; but Exchange on London was a centime down, at fcs. 25·30.

In General Produce, the Wheat Market was firm, but the quotations, both for No. 1 Soft White and Soft Red on the spot in Liverpool come ½d. per cental lower, at 7s. 4½d. and 7s. 2d. respectively ex-quay; White Delhi being unaltered, at 6s. 11½d. per cental. The quantity of Wheat afloat for the United Kingdon yesterday was 2,060,000 quarters, or 40,000 quarters more than the previous Friday's estimate. Bombay Linseed remained at 43s. 9d. on the spot, and 43s. 6d. to arrive, ex-quay; and Rapeseed was firm at the previous arrival quotations. Coffee was firm in Mincing Lane, and both Mid.-Plantation and Medium Mysore were 1s. per cwt. dearer at 105s. and 104s. respectively.

The Liverpool Cotton Market from quiet had become dull yesterday: Surats quiet; the total Sales having reached only 4,000 bales, of which 800 were East Indian. The spot price of Mid.-American remained at 6 11-16d., and Arrivals were unchanged in all positions, quotations for East Indian Cotton also coming unaltered. This afternoon the market closed quiet, all round, the Sales having been 4,000 bales again, including 700 Surats. A decline of 1-16d. was established in the price of spot Mid.-American, and Arrivals were 1-32 to 3-64d. lower in the nearer positions, and 1-64d. in the more distant.

The Manchester Market was firm yesterday, and an advance of 3d. is reported in the price of 7 lbs. Grey Shirtings, at 6s. 10½d., other quotations for staple goods, however, coming unaltered. To-day the market was steady at previous rates.

An absence of activity, and a quiet, when not dull, feeling characterised the Liverpool Market during the week which ended yesterday, the total Sales having aggregated only 33,000 bales. The amount forwarded to consumers was 48,000 bales. The Imports were 9,000 bales greater than for the previous week, at 24,000 bales. The total Stock had further decreased by 29,000 bales during the week; but it was 115,000 bales heavier than at this time last year, and 219,000 bales more than in 1888. In the total Visible Supply there had been a falling off of 70,000 bales, and of East Indian Cotton there were 5,000 bales less in sight; the comparison with the figures for the preceding two years, as given below, still showing a material increase in the total supply in sight, due to the increase in Surats. Arrival rates were generally a shade lower yesterday than they were a week ago; but the spot price of Mid.-American was unchanged, and was 5-16d. higher than at this time last year, and 1 1-16d. above the price in 1888, the difference between Mid.-American and Good Dhollera having increased to 2 1-16d. per lb.

The price of Mid.-Uplands in New York was still 12 1-16 cents yesterday; but Futures were 5 points lower in each position, being quoted at 11·03 cents for September and at 11·83 cents for August. The total Receipts at the U. S. Ports now show an increase of exactly a quarter of a million bales compared with those for last season, and of 225,000 bales as against those for 1887-8. The quantity in sight was the same as a week ago, at 7,180,000 bales. To-day there was a further decline of 6 points in Futures at 10·97 cents for September, and 11·77 cents for the present month; but the spot price was still unaltered.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Week's receipts	2,000	1,000	19,000
" exports to U. K.	2,000	7,000	6,000
" " Continent	....	2,000	2,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept. '89.	5,756,000	5,506,000	5,531,000
" exports to U. K. do.	2,817,000	2,773,000	2,794,000
" " to Continent do.	2,024,000	1,909,000	1,801,000
" Stock in the Ports	52,000	82,000	173,000

The total Visible Supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 15th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Total supply of all kinds	1,500,000	970,000	1,018,150
" " Surats	538,000	305,000	265,000

For the United Kingdom only the figures are:—

Stock in Liverpool	684,000	569,000	464,560
" London	24,000	20,000	16,000
American afloat	20,000	10,000	10,000
East Indian "	40,000	22,000	40,000
	768,000	621,000	530,560
Price of Mid.-Americans	6 11-16d.	6⅜d.	5⅜d.
" Good Dhollera	4¼d.	4⅜d.	4 7-16d.
Difference	2 1-16d.	1⅞d.	1 9-16d.

The local Mills having, apparently, filled their larger requirements, only a small business was done in Cotton here to-day, the tone of the market remaining quiet at previous rates. Some 800 bales of Barsee changed hands at Rs. 195; the remaining purchases consisting of small lots of Nugger, at Rs. 172½; Akola, at Rs. 179; Oojein, at Rs. 162; Bengal, at Rs. 166; Khangaum, at Rs. 175; and Wudwan, at Rs. 179 per candy.

WHEAT has been taken to a moderate extent for export, and the tone of the market keeps steady, with prices quite unchanged for all descriptions.

SEEDS generally are now arriving in insignificant quantities and are neglected by shippers. A small business has been done to-day in a quiet market, with rates quoted as before, but nominal to a great extent in the absence of fresh transactions.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	1,028 bales.
Wheat	13,578 cwt.
Linseed	2,918 "
Castor Seed	947 "

FREIGHTS are dull and unchanged. The "Etolia" (s) is reported to have been berthed for Antwerp, for August-September loading, at 15s. per ton. The "Werneth Hall" (s) has filled up with measurement cargo for Liverpool, at 13s. 6d., and Havre, at 20s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE has again been strong, not to say excited, in sympathy with advices from the other side, and a further advance in rates, say of ⅛d. on Friday's closing quotations, has been established; but little business has been passing, except on speculative lines, on which a good deal has transpired. Bank Telegraphic, for November transfer, has been offering at 1s. 8 5-16d; and we quote ready rates at closing as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 8 ⅛d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 8 1-16d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight.	1s. 8 9-32d.	"
Credits do.	1s. 8 ⅛d.	"
Francs do.	2·16.	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been strong in tone, and rates for Four per cents. have advanced 3-16 to ¼ per cent., say to 101¾ per cash; 101 11-16 for the coming settlement; and 101⅝ for the September account, at which they closed, with buyers in all positions. 103 is still nominally quoted for 4½ per cents.

SHARES.—Next to nothing has been doing in this market to-day, and the only change in Cotton Mill scrip, which we have to note, is a decline of Rs. 5 on Imperial, at Rs. 945, rates generally being steady at our last quotations. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ lower, at Rs. 927½; Bank of Madras have declined Rs. 10, and are now quoted at Rs. 920 per share.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

GIBBON-PEPPE—August 11, at Goruckpore, N-W P, the wife of G T Gibbon-Poppe, of "Birdpore Grant," Goruckpore, N-W P, of a son.

LANG—August 9, at Mirzapur, the wife of R Lang, D P W of a son.

LONDON—August 2, at her father's residence, Pallavaram, the wife of James K London, "Adderley" Estate, Coonoor, of a daughter.

STOWELL—July 25, at Strawberry Bank, Mussoorie, the wife of William De R Stowell, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

DEMPSTER—BIRCH—August 12, at St Stephen's Church, Bareilly, by the Rev H Coleridge Stirling, J R Dempster, Executive Engineer, Irrigation, Punjab, son of the late T E Dempster, Superintending Surgeon, to Emily Florence, daughter of the late Major Henry Holwell Birch, 27th Punjab Infantry.

LEEMING—FOOTE—August 12, at Trinity Church, Yercaud, by the Rev D W Kidd, Chaplain of Coimbatore, Herbert William Leeming, Esq., eldest son of the Rev W Leeming, Vicar of Preston, Rutlandshire, formerly Senior Chaplain, Madras E E, to Lily, eldest daughter of R Bruce Foote, Supdt, Geological Survey of India.

DEATH.

COLYER—August 11, at Calcutta, Evelyn Maria, the beloved wife of J A Colyer, R I R, aged 24 years and 8 months.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, AUGUST 18, 1890.

WE have seen it stated by London correspondents that "Hurlingham" is not nearly so fashionable as it used to be, a result due probably to the way in which H. R. H. the Princess of Wales has set her face against pigeon shooting. It need not be inferred from this, however, that English interest in shot-guns is waning. Though inferior in its actual value to skill with a rifle, proficiency with a shot-gun not only gives a great amount of pleasure, but it begets a real quickness of hand and eye which can hardly be obtained in any other way. There are many substitutes for the pigeon for those who object to that form of contest, and we know that in India pigeon-shooting would be carried on under protest from at least one section of the community. At first plain hollow glass balls were used, then coloured balls filled with feather. Diamond sided balls were the next improvement, after which glass was abandoned altogether, though when thrown from a good ball trap, such as "Cards," there was no possibility of trickery. But glass balls were soon found too easy, and the Ligonsky clay pigeon was substituted. This was a shallow moulded clay saucer, attached by a paper tongue to a specially constructed trap. The "Blackbird" was another variety of the same kind, only dead black and more easily broken. The best clay bird of all is called the "Blue Rock Pigeon" which is made by pressure, in a series of shallow terraces, the sides being extremely thin so that though not easily broken when packed a single shot will shatter them. This clay pigeon, which is black with a yellow crown, is propelled with a sharp twist, so that it is easily seen. Clay pigeon shooting is easier than that at real birds, as is shown by the records. In the former, 100 have often been broken consecutively, while a Mr. Scott once scored 700 straight off without a miss, while Dr. Carver broke 948 out of 950 consecutive shots. A boy with a 28 bore gun has scored 88 out of a hundred clay pigeons. The "good" shot must be able to kill 70 per cent. of his birds as a general rule, and a first-class shot about 80; these are, however, only general averages, and naturally cannot be taken as a test. Captain Bogardus, the champion American wing shot, has made as low a score as 63 in a clay pigeon match, while even Dr. Carver has come down to 72, in an 18 yards match. Beginners often lose points by nervousness, and by watching the trap they consider most difficult. This is a fatal error, for it tends to make the shooter lose two birds for every one he hits. When firing double barrel trials the traps to be sprung are known beforehand, but in single shot matches under club rules it is impossible to tell which trap will be opened next, and nothing is gained by concentrating attention on any trap in particular. Live birds are harder to hit than clay pigeons, as is shown by the fact that there is no recorded match score of 100 kills out of 100 shots, though Captain Bogardus once killed 99 birds out of 100 within bounds, one falling dead beyond the line, not scoring of course, though killed. This question of boundary lines varies very greatly, the Hurlingham boundary being 90 yards, that of the Gun Club 65 yards, while Monaco has a boundary of only 18½ yards. Pigeon-shooting at Monaco is rendered difficult by the extreme closeness of the boundary, and the "Championnat Universel," which is shot for on this ground every third year, and is considered the blue ribbon of pigeon shooting in a way, but in consequence. The "Prix de Casino" is more valuable than the "Championnat Universel," being worth about £1,000 sterling, but it is not considered so great an honour to win it. That pigeon shooting does sometimes make its votaries callous to the birds' sufferings is shown by the following extract from a well known work:—"A pigeon placed in a wooden box six inches by seven inches, just sufficient room being allowed for it to stand with its broadside to the gun, a piece of thin paper only between the bird and the gun, was fired at various ranges with a 28 bore gun with the following results." Both shots at 30 yards "killed dead." At 35 yards both birds were "hit in body but not disabled," while at 40 yards range one bird was "struck in body but not in any way disabled," while the other had a "leg-broken and one pellet in breast but not disabled from flying." To place a pigeon in a box where it cannot move is sheer brutality, and can serve no useful purpose that could not be served by a wax model, and the fact that such an act can be calmly mentioned as illustrating a point of accuracy shows that some at least become utterly callous. The value of a shot gun is judged as a rule by its pattern, *i.e.*, the smallness of the circle within which all the pellets, or a very large majority of them, lodge. To obtain a good pattern concentrators are employed, but to determine the value of a gun for shooting birds two other points have to be considered. The first of these is the size of the "killing circle," that is "the spread of the charge from the centre of the line of flight." The larger this circle and the greater the range, the better the gun. This is the direct opposite of pattern, and the object is to find a happy mean between the two, so that the shot may have long range without scattering, and yet may have a large killing circle. Mere scattering will not ensure this, but a regular separating of the shot, so that no pellet is too far apart from the others. A killing circle must have the shot so close together that wherever a pigeon may be in that circle it will be struck by at least four No. 6 shot, four being the lowest number that will bring it down unless hit in a vital spot. The object of a first-class shot-gun is to produce a regular pattern, not too thick in the centre, but sufficiently thick to kill in a circle of 35 inches. Besides the "pattern" and the killing circle there is a third point to be considered, and one that is too often lost sight of, *viz.*, the "stringing of the shot." This referred to the order in which the different pellets reach the target, a matter of evident importance that is not always told by the pattern, though, as the slower pellets have a sharper angle of descent, a very compact pattern shows there is not much stringing, while a pattern that spreads vertically shows this defect. It has been laid down by an able writer on the subject that "with a cylinder gun with 42 grains of schultze and 304 pellets of No. 6 shot, the first pellets reach the target at 40 yards distance in ·138 seconds, whereas the last pellets do not reach it till ·187 seconds; consequently whilst the first pellets may strike a bird at 40 yards the slower pellets have not reached a distance of 30 yards from the muzzle of the gun. As a matter of fact about five per cent. of the pellets of the charge arrive simultaneously at the target at 40 yards distance from the gun; the pellets are *closely* followed by 25 to 30 per cent. of the pellets of the charge if the gun be a good one, and this 30 per cent. to 40 per cent. of the pellets represent practically the actual killing value of the shot for the remaining pellets flying irregularly, and at a much lower velocity, tail off so rapidly that little reliance can be placed upon them." Accuracy and good killing circles are much influenced by the way the cartridges are loaded. For general shooting a 12 bore shot gun should have 3 drams of No. 4 sporting powder, and 1⅛ oz. of chilled shot No. 6; for pigeon shooting, 3¼ drams of powder 2 and 1¼ oz. of shot are used, to improve the chances of dropping the bird within the boundary, while for a very close boundary like that at Monaco, 3¼ drams of powder and 1⅛ oz. of shot will be found efficient, for though harder to hit with, it is more deadly when it does hit. For close shooting schultze powder is preferred to black, especially for choke bore guns, but some good shots prefer No. 4 black to any kind for match shooting. Dittmar powder is a noted compound, with pulped wood as its basis (similarly to schultze powder). It is preferred by many for match shooting, also "orange lightning" which is an orange coloured variety of G. C. powder, *i.e.*, granulated gun cotton. The wad is also important; a thick felt wad between powder and shot is an absolute necessity, a pink edged wad on each side of the felt wad being necessary for close shooting. To scatter the shot a thinner wad is used over the powder and two thin cardboard wads in the middle of the shot, separating it into three portions. But the felt wad is the all important point. Notwithstanding all that has been said against it, pigeon shooting has much to recommend it, except from the point of view of the pigeon, as certain Bhattias of Bombay were careful to point out when they threatened some years since to boycott European merchants who contemplated setting up a Hurlingham of their own.

LAST year the Government of India called the attention of the Local Governments to the increasing export of bones, and invited information from the Agricultural Department on the use of bones as manure in their respective provinces. Mr. Finucane, the Director of the Department in Bengal, has sent in a full report on the subject, in which a good deal of valuable information is given. It appears that Calcutta yearly receives an increasing quantity of bones from districts in Bengal that are traversed by the railway, the bones being collected by Chamars, and that they are ground in four or five mills at Calcutta, whence the bulk is exported to Europe, the remainder being taken to tea gardens. Some of the Behar indigo-planters have erected small mills of their own for grinding bones collected locally. Of the two methods of grinding, that by a *dheuki*, or hand-mill, and that by an English-made mill, the former is said to be the cheaper, an important fact in one respect, since it brings bone manure easily within reach of the ryots, if they can ever be made by themselves, in spite of caste objections, to take to its use. A good many experiments have been made with bone manure in various parts of Bengal by ryots and on Government farms, and the results, so far as they went, were encouraging. In one case an average increase of 570 pounds of paddy per acre was obtained, the value of the increased product being Rs. 9-8, while the value of the manure employed to produce it, at Calcutta prices, which are of course high, was Rs. 6. The experiment, however, has not been carried out on an area sufficiently wide to justify any confident conclusion on the subject, but so far as it has gone, we are told the experience has been that bone-meal is as good a manure for paddy, potatoes, and sugarcane as oilcake, which is largely used in some Bengal districts, but that its effect does not last for more than a year, and that a field manured with bone-meal will yield heavily in the next year only. On the experimental farm at Burdwan and Seebpore the results were more marked, but they cannot be taken as conclusive. The increased yield of paddy from the application of bone-meal, costing Rs. 6, was no less than Rs. 13. In wheat cultivation also marked results were obtained in one year. On the Burdwan farm in 1885-86 a manured plot of wheat yielded 1,080 lbs. of wheat to the acre, while another that was left unmanured, yielded only 480 lbs. But in subsequent years the results were very conflicting. The experiments have, however, been sufficiently encouraging to justify Government in keeping the subject before them. India is too poor for scientific farming, and the large outlay upon chemical manures which is made in Europe. Sir James Caird unavailingly told us when he wrote about his journey in India of wheat land the outturn of which would be doubled if only the ryot could apply nitrate of soda to it. Nitrate of soda is out of the question, but bone manure is within the range of practical agriculture, and in some of the Bengal districts arrangements are being made by the Government to have bones collected and ground into meal, and then distributed to the ryots at cost price.

THE current number of the *Indian Church Quarterly Review* has an article of local interest in the account that the Bishop of Bombay gives of the Communion office of the Episcopalian Church of Scotland, the special claim to notice of which is that it stands unique among the liturgies of Christendom in combining the characteristic features of Eucharistic worship which distinguish the East and the West. The Bishop pretends to no out-of-the-way knowledge of the subject; he admits even that the discoveries of his own ignorance which were forced upon him by the proposals of the Scottish Bishops to revise certain features of their liturgy were what moved him to try to put together some elementary principles and facts to lay before his brethren in India. Another paper in the number that will attract attention is one in which the Reverend A. Margoschis, of Tinnevelly, pleads for the establishment of sisterhoods and brotherhoods amongst the Native Christians of India, on strictly native lines. The writer incidently refers to the Cowley Fathers, whose self-denying labours in Bombay are known to all Churchmen in India, and as an illustration of the prejudice—happily long since evaporated—with which they were first received in this country, he recalls the fact that the first Cowley Father who went to Tinnevelly was told by his host "I have prayed that you may not do *much* harm."

AS one of the Anglo-Vernacular papers yesterday expressed its inability to accept our "theory" that Mr. Bradlaugh had been hoaxed in regard to a pretended circular in which the Agent to the Governor General for Central India forbade the Chiefs under his oversight to subscribe to a certain Bengali paper, or to allow supporters of the Congress to enter their territories, it may be well to state that we have put forward no "theory" on the subject, but that we have emphatically denied that any such circular has been issued by Mr. Henvey. In repeating that denial we invite those who believe that the circular has any existence to send us a copy of it if they can lay their hands upon one.

THE Malabar, leaving Bombay on the 6th November, takes the Connaught Rangers to Aden, and the Leicestershire from Aden to England; the Euphrates, leaving on the 20th November, takes home the Border Regiment; and the Crocodile, on the 2nd January, the King's Own Scottish Borderers.

MR. PERCIVAL SPENCER, the balloonist and parachutist, has been engaged by the War Department at Batavia, to direct the management of captive balloons at Acheen, so as to assist the operations of the Dutch against the Achinese. He will make the balloons take them to Acheen, give instructions how to use them. In return for 1,500 guilders as remuneration, and 1,000 as travelling expenses. The balloons will almost at the seat of the "war," and will have on board two or three officers to be able to take in the situation.

FROM Yokohama there came a romantic story to the effect that had discovered there a son whom him for six years. It is through the devotion of his on was brought about. runs, hearing that a ship officer of her name aboard interpreter, and went hailing vessel after vessel lish captain who knew to her. Young Ar vessel from Australia.

WITH regard to M dollars during the tronomical researches, ing, Director of the Cambridge, Mass., U. of the 24th July, Mr. N. R. Pogson, Madras as the one whose un variable stars, not only are deemed worthy of without awaiting the fo in the published circulars to Mr. Pogson thus by the last Sir,—Would an appropriation of 500 dollars to aid in publishing your observations of variable stars be a useful and acceptable application of the gift described in the enclosed circular? If not, can you suggest any better way in which the work of your observatory might be aided? Would not your friends in India be more ready to aid your observatory if they realised, through such a gift, how important your work is regarded by other astronomers?"

PROFESSOR J. VON EHRENWERTH gives the following statistics as representing the average yearly production of the more important metals and minerals, during the last ten years throughout the world:—

Coal	465·5 million tons	£163·7	millions.
Iron	19·6 "	58·8	"
Gold	137,945 kilog.	22	"
Silver	2,880,487 "	25·7	"
Lead	485,325 tons	5·8	"
Copper	222,560 "	10	"
Zinc	329,241 "	4·6	"
Tin	28,999 "	2·9	"
Salt	7,576,267 "	11·3	"

From the above figures it will be seen that the value of the annual production of coal and iron is nearly five times that of the gold and silver obtained in the same time.

A LARGE mass of De Quincey's correspondence has been lately unearthed, which throws new light, it is said, on his character and career, and Mr. Heinemann is preparing to bring it out in two volumes before long, edited by Dr. Japp. There are letters from Coleridge and Wordsworth and many other of his contemporaries, and some from Charlotte Brontë, the first signed "Currer Bell," a accompanying a presentation copy of the poems of the three sisters, of which the publishers tell her, she says, only two copies have been sold. The correspondence, it is declared, redounds to De Quincey's credit, showing that his claims to be on familiar term s with more than one man of rank of his time were not fictions of a vain imagination. Even the "De," for which he was quizzed, was not of his manufacture. Its use appears to have been his mother's doing.

"PLAIN words," say Professor Nichol and Mr. McCormick in their preface to their admirable "Questions and Exercises on English Composition" (Macmillan), "are the best for plain things. 'Erdkunde' may pass for 'Geography,' 'Vorgefühl' is perhaps better than 'Presentiment,' 'Steamboat' is [illegible] to 'Pyroscaphe,' a 'Thief' to a [illegible] ridiculed by 'Cutting-up,' 'Zergliederung' for 'Anatomy' is schaft' is a cumbrous equivalent for 'Dissertation,' 'Fore-words' does not properly represent a 'Preface,' nor do 'Length' and 'Breadth' convey the same ideas as 'Latitude' and "Longitude." The English language, which excels the Saxon tongue as the English race has outstripped the mere Teutonic, is travestied and be-littered by the Anglo-Saxon mania. The whole history of our race has been an almost unique blending of various elements, and to ignore any of those elements would be to belie that history. The early Christianisation of our island, which brought in the first stock of Latin words; the Conquest, which introduced the second; the Crusades of the Middle Ages, and the commerce of the later times, have been, like arms, linking us to wider worlds of thought and action; and to amputate any one of them would be treason to the speech of

[illegible]

...IRO.

...CAIRO, Aug. 16.

...ere; three fatal cases

...are preparing for a general

...R DIFFICULTIES IN WALES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.

Further friction between masters and men is anticipated at Cardiff in consequence of the dismissal of some hundreds of dock-labourers. A struggle is considered imminent.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE BEHRING SEA DISPUTE.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The diplomatic correspondence has been published regarding the Behring Sea Dispute. Lord Salisbury on the 2nd August refuted and disallowed the American claims to the sole jurisdiction over the Behring Sea, and proposed that the question should be settled by arbitration.

MORE SILVER PURCHASES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The Director of the Washington Mint expects to purchase to-day half a million ounces of silver at slightly above London rates.

THE INDIAN BUDGET.

LONDON, Aug 16.

A correction, received from London regarding Sir John Gorst's speech on the Indian Budget, says that Sir John Gorst said he could hold out no hope of a reduction in the Salt Tax at present, and that it was proposed to apply the surplus to the establishment of the Famine Fund.

A TESTIMONIAL TO DR. GAYE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

POONA, Aug. 17.

A meeting will be held at the Grand Stand, on Wednesday next, of sportsmen and friends of Doctor Gaye, who is about to leave India, for the purpose of discussing the proposal to present him with a fitting testimonial for the valuable services rendered by him to the turf in Western India.

MR. AND MRS. LEE-WARNER'S GARDEN PARTY.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Warner gave a garden party on Saturday evening at the Council Hall, which was largely attended by the *elite* of Poona. Lady Harris was present but H. E. the Governor was unavoidably absent. Lady Harris mixed sociably with the other guests, and after exchanging courtesies, the party explored the various rooms of the Council Hall and inspected the oil-paintings which depict the reigning Princes of India, historical characters, and local celebrities. The Band of the Grenadiers played a selection of music, and at 7 the party broke up. Sir Raymond West, Mr. and Mrs. Moore, the Bishop of Bombay, the Chief of Jamkhandi, and a number of native gentlemen were among the guests.

POLO AT KIRKEE.

The polo match, Artillery *vs.* 18th Hussars, was played at Kirkee on Saturday. After a close and exciting play the game ended in a draw. The weather was beautiful and the ground in good order. Sides—Artillery: Messrs. Robertson and Hall, Captains Hobday and Holland. Hussars: Captains Daly, Marling, Laming, and Mr. Birch.

CONCERT IN AID OF THE BISHOP'S SCHOOL SPORTS.

A concert in aid of the Bishop's School sports was held at the Connaught Institute, on Saturday night. The hall was tastefully decorated, and the house was crammed. Lady Harris was present, and the Military were much *en evidence*. Lady Morland, Miss Kirkham, Miss Pottinger, Dr. Marcks, Messrs. Corbyn, Gilbert, and Cooper, and Captain Hobday were among the performers. Lady Morland sang splendidly. The singers were frequently encored. Captain Hobday gave a very amusing musical sketch, which was much applauded.

A MINISTER ROBBED.

The Rev. Mr. Norman, travelling by rail from Madras to Poona, was robbed of Rs. 375 by his servant. The money has been recovered, and the servant sentenced to eight months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. Plunkett, City Magistrate.

THE NATIVE INSTITUTION.

H. E. the Governor visits the Native Institution on Tuesday.

THE JAIN DEFAMATION CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 17.

The Jain case continues to excite great interest. Yesterday Dr. Gilliland, Civil Surgeon, Durbhungah, in examination said he was a fellow-passenger with complainants on board the Coromandel. To the best of his recollection complainants used vegetable food and fruits during the voyage, but he did not remember their taking any food prepared on the steamer. He never saw their cooking utensils. He occupied a cabin next to theirs, and used nightly to hear noises proceeding therefrom, but he would not say whether the noises were of mutton being grilled or a kettle of water being boiled. This continued throughout the voyage. He did not think he saw complainants eat cooked food on board, but they might have been going on eating. Complainants made a statement to witness as to the noises proceeding from their cabin. All the accused are being tried together, instead of the cases being heard separately.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Aug. 17.

At the distribution of prizes last evening to the students of the Madrasizam, a large Mahomedan School maintained by Government, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice [illegible]andley, presiding, regretted that few Mahomedans took special professions in medicine, law, and architecture, as there was only one Mahomedan vakil of the High Court and none of the Small Cause Court

RETURN OF LADY LANSDOWNE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 17.

Lady Lansdowne returns to India in November, and joins H. E. the Viceroy at Delhi.

INSPECTION OF WAR-SERVICE TROOPS.

The war-service troops of the Punjab States will be inspected by H. E. the Viceroy at Patiala in October. A 9th company in the 27th and 28th Punjab Infantry is to be composed of Afridis.

ELEVATION OF THE MINT GHAGAR BRIDGE.

The recent floods have determined the management of the Delhi-Kalka Railway to raise the Mint Ghagar bridge four feet.

ASSISTANT MILITARY SECRETARY, HORSE GUARDS.

Major General Gordon, Bengal Staff Corps, becomes Assistant Military Secretary, Horse Guards, when Sir William Lockart returns to India in October.

SILVER PURCHASES.

The London correspondent of the *Pioneer* says it is rumoured that the Washington Executive intend availing itself of a loophole in the recent Act to delay silver purchases.

Mr. Leech, a director of the American Mint, publicly states the Mint will buy four and a half million ounces monthly, without reservation, paying the full market price, provided it falls within the limit of the law, namely, 59d. per ounce, which is equal to 22½d. per rupee. Everything after this points to a still higher exchange.

Senator Jones declares the stock of silver bullion in the world is small, and that the American coinage rates of sixteen to one will inevitably be restored by the Congress. The countries of the Latin Union will in that case certainly follow the example and reopen their mints to silver.

WRECK OF THE BOLAN LINE.

LOSS OF 50 LIVES.

The *Morning Post* states that the Bolan line has been almost wrecked by tremendous floods. The line between Sibi and Quetta has been seriously breached in a dozen places. Three long bridges spanning the Nari river have been partly washed away. Fifty lives have been lost, and four lakhs of rupees damage has been done. The damage was caused by one hour's heavy continuous rain.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, Aug 15.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Assam, with the homeward Indian mails of the 8th inst., arrived here at 2 p.m. to-day.

NOTES FROM NAGPORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPORE, Aug. 13.

The law-students of the Nagpore Morris College have sent up a Memorial to the Chief Commissioner, respectfully protesting against the new rules for the Central Provinces Law Certificate Examination, which will come into force in January, 1892. These rules exclude Bachelors of Law of British Indian Universities from practising in these Provinces unless they pass the C. P. Law Certificate Examination. The local law-students contend that the B. L. Degree of the Calcutta University authorises those who pass it to plead all over British India, and they consider it very hard that B. Ls of the Morris College should be debarred from practising in their own Province. The memorialists therefore solicit that Nagpore B. Ls be excused from having to pass, in addition, the C. P. Law Certificate Examination. Their request seems a reasonable one, and one which might fairly be granted: for, if refused, it would discourage students from taking the B. L. Degree, as it will be of no practical use to them. The memorial is supported by the barristers and advocates of Nagpore, and it is hoped that the Local Government will be induced to take a favourable view of the representation.

The articles in the *Bombay Gazette* regarding lepers and leprosy are having a good effect here, and the local newspapers and public are becoming earnest on the subject. It is time they were so, as Nagpore contains a large number of this wretched class of humanity. Not only do batches of leper beggars roam about the native city and civil station unchecked, but there are a number of lepers who trade in fruit, vegetable, oil, betel, rice, &c. I am told that the natives generally heartily approve of the segregation of lepers; and that if Government only takes the initiative in the matter, contributions would flow in quickly for the establishment of asylums.

We have had heavy rain of late, and Nagpore is looking very green and pretty; but I regret to say that there is a good deal of sickness. Several deaths among the English community have occurred during the month past, and many are down with fever and dysentry, and cases of enteric fever have also occurred. But it is more or less always so in August and September, and we cannot complain of the season being extraordinarily unhealthy.

The Free Church Mission people have opened their annual fancy bazar to-day, and will continue it for three days. As usual, a good collection of articles, chiefly from Scotland, are being exhibited at the Museum to tempt the tastes of both gentlemen and ladies, and persuade them to loosen their purse-strings. The Free Church Mission are doing very good work here—scholastic, religious, zenana, and medical—and deserve every support and encouragement which the public can give them.

The public gardens are looking very beautiful, but some complaints are made that the menagerie in the Maharaj Bagh is not sufficiently cared for: it is a pity that this should be so, as the fine collection of wild animals is worth looking after. A fine large tiger died the other day owing to a large bone which he had bolted having struck in his throat. It seems to me that more roomy quarters are needed for the carnivora; for the little dens in which they are now confined hardly admit of a beast moving half a dozen paces up and down. *Apropos* of tigers, these brutes are evidently on the increase in the jungles of the Central Provinces. The Local Government has offered a reward of Rs. 300 to any one who will kill a man-eater that has committed a great deal of man-slaughter during the past few months. Gentlemen shikaris seem to be much scarcer than they were twenty years ago. The reason for this is the greatly increased work that in these days is demanded from Government officers, who cannot find the leisure required for the hunting of big game.

Mr. F. C. Anderson is expected back from furlough at the end of this month, and will, I believe, take up the duties of Secretary to the Chief Commissioner; and Mr. L. K. Laurie, who has been officiating as Secretary with marked ability for over eighteen months, will, it is rumoured, either proceed on leave or be posted to a Deputy Commissionership.

Mr. Christovao Pinto, the deputy for Salsette, Goa, has had an interview with Monsignor Vanutelli, the Papal Nuncio in Lisbon, concerning the final issue of the Padroado question. Monsignor Vanutelli assured Mr. Pinto that the negociations were hastening to a conclusion.

At the next election of a deputy for the circle of Salsette, Goa, Mr. Ascanio DaCosta will stand for the Ultramarine party, and Mr. Christovao Pinto for the Indian party.

THE POONA SEASON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 16.

Poona is now at its very best. The station is remarkably full, both of old friends and new acquaintances, and all of us, old and new, are on the very best terms with ourselves, each other, and the world in general. It is only in the last week in September, when the season reaches its very height, and a month's dissipation and revelry is crowded into a week, that Poona is more thickly inhabited than it is at present. I believe there are some brave and enthusiastic professional callers who still put on their war-paint and sally forth on their rounds armed with a very fine and large supply of the regulation paste-board, determined that they shall not be thought wanting in their duty by all the latest arrivals. But generally speaking this phase of energy has softened down, and many are content to wonder placidly who all the new-comers are, and wish that they could get to know them without the troublesome initial formality of calling. But when so many new faces turn up from all quarters it is by no means easy even to know them all by sight. The promise of fine weather, which last week held out to us, seemed likely to end in disappointment after all, for on "the day that comes between the Saturday and Monday" there was a very fair amount of rain, and a glorious uncertainty as to whether it would be fine for more than five minutes at a time. On Monday there was no uncertainty whatever, for it came down steadily pretty well the whole day long. But "now is the winter of our discontent made glorious summer," and we have had delightful weather since then. The tennis-courts are in perfect condition; mat wickets are no longer essential to cricket, at all events, on the Gymkhana ground, which has, on the whole, considerably improved since last year, owing to the care and attention that have been paid to it; the river has cast off its melancholy appearance and looks as cheerful and inviting as can be, and the latest triumphs of the dress-makers' art can be displayed without much fear of their immediate destruction by the elements. Poona is certainly the place to come to at this time of year. A few misguided people devote their time to work, or at all events, swagger about having such a lot of most important duties to perform; but the majority are honest, and make no pretence of doing anything, but amuse themselves all day long. Our programme for the next six weeks has rapidly filled up of late; and vague expectations of balls, concerts, and theatricals have now given place to certainties. An excellent entertainment is promised for this evening at the Soldiers' Institute, the local talent being aided by a well-known *artiste* from Bombay; and doubtless the musical sketch by the talented author of Blue Beard will bring down the house. But the inexorable P. D. will not allow me to keep this back, and I must defer my account of the concert till next week. On Monday and Wednesday next a performance of "Villikins and his Dinah" is to be given by the men of the Worcestershire Regiment, preceded by a farce, entitled "Chiselling," by the Officers. On the 30th is promised the first performance of "A Regular Fix," and "Brown and the Brahmins," by the managers of last year's "Truth" company; and on the 8th of September we are to be treated to a comic version of the well-known melodrama "Robert Macaire, or the Runaway Robbers," the "Wandering Widow" and the "Beauteous Bride" by Captain Hobday, with entirely new scenery, music, dances, and songs; and we all know very well that the performance is bound to beat the promise. On the 22nd of next month is to be the long expected revival of dear old "Blue Beard" under the same able management. As for dances there is no end of amusement in store. On the 25th of this month the Royal Engineers give a ball at the Gymkhana on the 27th, Ganesh Khind is again to the fore; on September 1 is the Civil Service Ball; on the 5th the Bombay Infantry are at-home, as well as on October 3rd; and the Club ball is to be on the 15th of next month. A fancy ball at Ganesh Khind is also on the tapis. A good many people have their programmes full already for each of these entertainments, if all that I hear may be believed. Then there are races and cricket matches in profusion, let alone such trifles as the regatta on the 25th and 26th of this month, the Flower Show, and the Arts Exhibition. So if any people have been in doubt as to what sort of fare may be provided for them, if they pay a visit to Poona they may cease to fear any possible disappointment; and they may look forward without anxiety to having the very best of good times.

Now I must try to think what we have been doing this week. The time slips by so fast that it is hard to remember all the details of our daily life. The fox-hounds have not achieved any very great success since my last letter. On Monday the meet was at the Sixth Mile-stone on the Nugger Road, in not exactly the best of weather. There was a small field, but one that meant going if they got the chance. However, though a jack did put in an appearance, there was some difference of opinion as to the best line of action, both amongst the riders and the mounts. "When they said steer her starboard, but keep her head larboard, what on earth was the helmsman to do?" as the poet not unreasonably asked. There was a fair gallop, nevertheless, for a short spell, but brer fox got safe home. On Thursday there was a splendid morning for the meet at Bamburda, but though a jack showed himself amongst the sugar cane he could not be persuaded to do his duty, and give the field, which was a large one, and deserved some consideration, a little equestrian exercise after him. In the final ties for the gentlemen's tennis tournament the Assistant Collector was too strong for the Worcestershire champion, and remained the sole survivor of the conflict. On Thursday there was an exciting polo match between the 18th Hussars and the Royal Fusiliers. In the first two periods of the game the visitors' team secured two goals, while the Fusiliers score remained at love. In the third period the Londoners thought they might make a slight alteration in this, and soon scored a goal; but the Hussars, however, returned the compliment and added one more to their score. So at least they might have done, as the umpire gave the goal in their favour; but as there had been a difference of opinion regarding a foul they did not claim it. In the last period the home team made another goal; and so the match ended in a score of two goals on either side, though sympathisers with the home team were for some time under the impression that their friends had lost. The billiard handicap at the Club is coming near its close, only four players being left in. The schoolmaster, who had been expected to carry all before him, was defeated by the medical department, without the aid of the points which had been allotted him.

I had referred in a former letter to the want of proper furniture in the Boat Club at Rosherville. The interior of the Club is particularly gloomy and uninviting in its present state. This is soon to be a thing of the past. At a meeting of the members of the Boat Club it was decided to lay out Rs. 4,000 on furnishing the bungalow suitably, and another sum of Rs. 3,000 on building a Bandstand at Rosherville and a shed for waiting in at the Poona boat-house. These will all be very welcome improvements. Amongst other items of the week I must not omit to mention the tandem meet at the Gymkhana on Friday, followed by a drive to the old Botanical Gardens at Dapuri. It was not nearly such a big show as last year, only two four-in-hands putting in an appearance, as compared with more than double that number in 1889. Perhaps the Parsee cricket match, which was going on at the same time, was too great a counter-attraction, and kept a good many people away. On Wednesday there was another very successful dance at the Gymkhana, that was kept up with spirit to the bitter end. On Friday there was a small and early entertainment of the same kind at Magdala House, where a distinguished few had an enjoyable evening.

The Parsee match has of course, been the event of the cricketing week, but there was a match at Ganesh Khind on Wednesday that deserves chronicling. It was a fine day, and the sun had a distinct sting in it. The match was Poona against the United Cricket Clubs of Kirkee and Ganesh Khind. Poona only made 76 in the first innings in spite of the aid of Doggy Steel. Lord Harris's bowling was too much for the Poona Eleven altogether. his Excellency taking no less than 6 wickets for 21 runs, and also terminating Steel's existence by a neat catch. The rival team made the brilliant score of 218, of which two Aide-de-Camps showed that their prowess was not confined to the ball-room by scoring 73 and 74 respectively. Poona commenced the second innings with more success; and the two players, who were not out when the stumps had to be drawn, had put together the very respectable score of [illegible] between them. So ended an excellent day's cricking. And now for the Parsee match. Friday's play was enlivened by a very practical speech from his Excellency at lunch, in which he stated very emphatically that he was strongly biassed against doubtful actions. There could not have been better weather for the match. The galleries of the Gymkhana were crowded with Poona notabilities; and there was a large concourse of spectators on two sides of the ground, whose sympathies, to judge by their applause, were chiefly on the side of the Zoroastrians. There was no very brilliant scoring on either side in the first innings, but Poona, with the aid of extras, managed to beat their adversaries by 3, the scores being 87 and 90 respectively. This was not a very great triumph, but such as it was it was acceptable enough after the crushing defeat sustained at the hands of the Parsees in Bombay last week. But when the adversaries went in again, the score stood at 55 for one wicket down, when time was called, we all felt that things were rather gloomy; and even the Members of Council, who were looking on, seemed not a little anxious. It was just as well we considered that time was up, for the two Parsees who were in were evidently well set, and good for any amount of runs, while our fielding was decidedly shaky, and there were hopes of putting all right the next day. But the result of that next day's play was too disastrous to write about. As you will have learnt by telegram the Parsees scored 205 for 8 wickets, and then declared their innings at an end; and all that the whole Poona team could put together was 72. And there is no doubt that the best team won. With this I think it high time to end this letter.

THE BOMBAY CRICKET SEASON.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

With the recent victory over Poona, the Bombay Gymkhana has brought the first half of its cricket season to a very successful termination, eight matches, besides the Civil and Military, having been played, of which but one was lost and one drawn, and, of the six wins, the Bombay team can claim two single-innings victories. Matches are arranged up to the last week in September, and, as this half of the season includes the two great matches of the year, namely against the Parsees, as well as the return fixture with Poona, the latter half of the programme card may certainly be said to be the most interesting. Taken all round, the Bombay team is an unusually strong one this year, and has come, with the one exception of the collapse against the Y. M. C. A., quite up to the expectations formed of it at the commencement of the season. Of the prominent players last year, Messrs. A. D. Wilkins, A. B. Sangster, and Captain C. J. Jervois, R.A., are the only absentees; the first named, after heading the Bombay batting averages for several years past, is now playing for Ahmednugger, and Mr. Sangster, who returns from furlough in October, will be too late for this cricket season, and his regiment, the 4th Rifles, is named in the Reliefs to move to Quetta in February. He will consequently be lost to Bombay cricket, and Captain Jervois, now serving in Burma, is not likely to appear again, so all three of these first-rate players will be permanently lost to the Gymkhana. But, in their stead, it has gained one of the best bowlers we have seen for some time in the person of Mr. E. B. Raikes, of Haileybury, Oxford, and the Norfolk County Eleven, and Mr. F. A. Prevost is once more back in Bombay and doing excellent service, as he has always done, to his Gymkhana. Messrs. R. J. Bentinck, C. G. Carnegy, and H. Pogson, are the most promising of the new blood drafted into this year's team, and many of last year's players have "come on." So lovers of cricket are likely to see the Eleven give a very good account of themselves during the coming seven weeks' play still left of the 1890 Season, and patrons of the Gymkhana may depend on their representative team against their old rivals, the Parsees, being as strong a one as has ever done battle for them.

The four days' cricket played here by Poona the week before last may not have shown up the Poona team in very bright colours, but it at any rate produced some very fine batting and bowling performances by both the Parsee and the Bombay teams. And critics, who are fond of comparing relative merit in the game, will have some difficulty in deciding, from the cricket shown by each of those two teams against Poona, which will carry off the victory in the first of the annual matches between themselves which will take place during next week. The Parsees, as a race, may fairly be said to have taken up cricket in a way that no other nation has ever done before, and their steady perseverance and exceptional keenness during the past few years was first crowned with success last year by their double victory over the Gymkhana, and again by their still more praiseworthy defeat of Mr. G. F. Vernon's English team in January last. But there comes a point in cricket, as well as in anything else, when that very keenness on the game is liable to beget a dangerously high tension of excitement and feeling. Parsee cricket has now reached this stage, and when the strain of feeling reaches to this pitch, those who have the interests of Parsee cricket at heart should stop and ask themselves if it is not possible that their education in the game is progressing a little too fast, and if it would not be wiser to relax the strain and take the game of cricket a little more quietly. Evidence of this is now being furnished in the undoubted fact that they are including in their team two bowlers whose delivery is not only open to question by the Europeans they have played, but by their own fraternity as well. Enough has been written and still more has been said, of Mr. Mody's "throwing," which reached such a climax during the Poona match the week before last, that he had to be no-balled. Whether he is or is not a "thrower" is not a point we care to discuss here, and, from the correspondence that has appeared about it, it seems that he has as many advocates as opponents. But we must admit that we noticed that his advocates were all of his own nation and that his opponents were all Europeans. This is perhaps only natural. At the same time it should be remembered that it was found difficult enough in England to decide the vexed question of unfair bowling, where the combatants on each side were Englishmen; it will be utterly impossible in Bombay to decide the point between Parsees and Englishmen, unless the real spirit of the game is entered into, and party feeling entirely abolished. Mr. Mody's phenomenal success in clean bowling the first five wickets for eighteen runs in the match against Poona is conclusive proof enough that, if he is allowed to bowl at his own pace and in his own style, the Parsee Eleven is good enough to defeat any team in India. But all India knows that Mr. Mody's delivery has been frequently questioned, and that, while he bowls in the way that has been objected to, a large discount will be taken, by those who question his bowling, off any further success the Parsee cricketers may obtain. They have already won the respect and admiration of all cricketing Englishmen who have ever seen them play, and they will win still more if they agree to henceforth play only bowlers about whom there is absolutely no question at all, and all the more credit will then be given to their future successes. There is no disgrace in being fairly beaten by fair means and fair play on either side, and, after all, it is not the one sole object of a cricket eleven to be able to obtain, at any cost, an unbeaten record at the end of each season. Lord Harris, as every one expected, declined to give any opinion on the debated point of unfair bowling, and, in his excellent speech at Poona reported last Saturday, left the question to umpires to decide. This of course is true, but easier said than done, as few umpires care to take the responsibility; but his Excellency's remarks were significant when he called attention to the words "absolute fairness," and that umpires "with that law behind them should give the doubt against the bowler." But there would be no necessity for the unpleasantness of having the umpire, in this case, to act in the matter at all, if the *morale* and real spirit of the game were acted up to, and the *players*, as well as the umpires, were satisfied with the "absolute fairness" of all their bowlers before the match began.

AN APPEAL FOR THE LEPERS.

At several of the churches in the city yesterday collections were made in aid of the Homeless Leper Relief Fund. At St. Thomas' Cathedral, the Ven. Archdeacon Lewis, in making an appeal on behalf of the lepers, chose for his text Acts XVII verse 28,—"As certain men of your own poets have said, 'For we are also his offspring.'"

There was a quotation from Aratus of Cilicia, found also in the hymn of Ebranthes of Lycia, "for we, too, are God-descended"—a text from a heathen poet for a Christian sermon. The heathen poet and the Christian preacher could both claim to be God-descended, but in the mouth of the former the assertion implied only a participation in highest physical and intellectual perfections, or at best the intuitions of a vague and mystic pantheism. The Christian implies a union with the divine nature and a participation in eternal life as the results of his divine origin. Walking through the city of Athens, the centre of the most advanced thought and highest culture of the day, the Apostle's eyes are shocked by the frequent spectacle of emblems of the grossest idolatry, his ears were grieved by the jargon of the empty phrases of the speculations of rival philosophers. At every turn an altar; on every eminence a temple—verily a people too fearful of their gods! "It was easier," says Petronius satirically, "to find a god at Athens than a man." One altar in particular attracted the special attention of St. Paul; its legend was so sad, so eloquent of unsatisfied yearning "To the Unknown God"—a pathetic acknowledgment of the failure of heathen systems. It is terribly true that spiritual ruin and spiritual ignorance are compatible with the high-sounding babblings of merely human intellectual activities. As I have often said, an intellectual giant may be a moral and spiritual pigmy. On Mars Hill, in the midst of the Areopagus, St. Paul's burning thoughts burst into burning words. The live coal from the altar of heaven presses on his lips, and he delivers his splendid apology for the true God. The cultured manner and educated style of the eloquent orator speedily catch the ear of the loungers in the Athenian Ayora, who had gathered on the summit of the hill to hear him. Among the audience were the pleasure-seeking, voluptuous, materialistic Epicureans, pupils of the garden doctor, whose gospel was unalloyed heathenism—the stern yet self-complacent fatalistic Stoics, pupils of Zeno of Cittium, the doctor of the porch, "last in philosophic pride, by him called virtue;" the careless, the worldly, the supercilious sceptic—the first in sheer idleness, the second hoping for some new excitement—the third as critics—what a strange, what a difficult audience! How like many modern congregations were its component elements! To the men St. Paul delivers his apology for the true God; a deity not like the work of Paidias, which loomed above him as he spoke—the brazen Colossus of Minerva, armed with spear and shield and helmet, the champion of Athens. And now there flows from the speaker's lips a veritable epiphany of the unity of the God-head against polytheism; of the creation of all things by him against the Epicurean theory of the fortuitous concourse of atoms; of its government by him against the Stoic's doctrine of fate, and the Epicurean doctrine of indifference; the origin of all nations from one divine source, against the Athenian merit of their dignity as men sprung from the land itself; of the witness of God's existence, and other attributes, in man's conscience, in human nature, in the visible world, the witness of natural religion corroborating revealed religion—and a statement of the doctrine of human accountability, and universal judgment to come by "one whom He had appointed, of which He has given a pledge by His resurrection from the dead." So far attention and wonder—then with mockery and hesitation—the crowd breaks up—the sermon is over. "We too are God-descended." No lie is this on the lips of any man. Divine origin is not the special privilege of any one nation, or people, or faith. All men are God-descended. "In the image of God made He man" at creation, and took up humanity as a whole into union with divinity at the incarnation—civilized European and wild African savage alike—alike in this Christian and Turk, Jew, Hindu and Bhuddist—all share the Fatherhood of God, who has made of one—from one origin, even himself, in his own image—every nation of men who dwell on the earth: made them one by creation—one by adoption—one by redemption. Cyprian and the fathers of his theological school were wont to say, indeed, "outside the Church there is no salvation." Yet true as that is of those who, admitted to the church, wilfully leave it, it must otherwise be understood with largest limitations. "He that hath ears to hear, let him hear," said Christ. If they *will* not hear, they stand self-condemned." But they to whom He has never been revealed are as though they had no ears, and surely will be judged, not as wilfully deaf, but as deficient in hearing—not by what a man has not, but by what he has shall he be judged. Thus Christ said openly, "Many shall come from the East and from the West and sit down with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob in the Kingdom of God." Many a Jew, however, will be excluded. And—surely it may be—nay it will be—that many a virtuous heathen, many a despised savage, will find a welcome there while apostate Christians stand wailing and knocking outside the sternly barred door, for says St. Peter, "God is no respecter of persons, but in every nation he that feareth God and worketh righteousness is accepted with him." This brings me to the consideration of the scope of the life-work of Christians. It is no less in extent than the scope of the life-work of Jesus Christ—less, of course, in power, as man's power is less than His—its animating principle is love. Now the scope of Christ's life-work was the alleviation of the sorrow of the world, and the remoulding of man's character, so that, defaced as it might be, it should return to the perfect image of God; all sorrow—spiritual sorrow—assuaged by the peace of pardon, purging the stain of sin from the once fair soul—mental sorrow by the light of hope dispelling the foul darkness of despair and ignorance—physical sorrow or pain, by healing diseases, bringing back divine original health. This must be the scope of his life-work professed by every true follower of Christ. Just a glance at the place held by this cardinal truth in Holy Scripture. in the 42nd chapter of his prophecy—a glorious chapter,—the greatest of Hebrew Prophets describes his vision of the Saviour's work and commission in inspired language. The vision passes before Isiah in a series of rapidly changing figures—called in righteousness to be over-righteousness—held by God's hand, for the two natures, each in its fulness, found place in the one person of the incarnate Son of God, given to be the government of the world—a light to the Gentiles, who sat in darkness and the shadow of death—the bright dawn turning the shadow of death into the morning—Wonderful Councillor—the Mighty God, the Everlasting Father—the Prince of Peace. The history of the world's salvation, as the life-work of Christ, passes unfolded before the prophet in this mysterious hour of illuminating revelation, a stately panorama of gathering light; the glory of the triumph undimmed even by the darkest episodes of agony in that life of intensest suffering. To us, both clergy and laity, he bequeathed His work, saying "As my Father hath sent me, even so send I you." See the truth established by Christ. There is no limit to the scope of her work ideally. Who is my neighbour? asked the lawyer. Christ's answer amounts to this, "Every member of the human family is your neighbour—every one in need, every one in sorrow or affliction has a claim to your aid, not only as neighbour, but also as brother, be he Jew or be he Gentile, class prejudices, race prejudices, caste prejudices, break them down, cast them out, for all are one in Christ." "In my Father's house are many mansions." Yes, many mansions, but *one* house—one star differs in glory from another star, but there is one firmament. See the truth emphasised by St. Paul: "Bear ye one another's burdens" is the counsel in the grand chapter of the letter to the Galatians, whose first poignant word is "Brothers." One touch of nature—one touch of grace, makes the whole world kin. The interests of each are the interests of all—all joy, all sorrow, sin, hope, wealth, poverty, knowledge, ignorance, health and sickness, in their effect, on each affect all. No selfishness, no individualism—the strong to aid the weak, the rich the poor, the wise the ignorant. The Incarnation is the basal dogma of Christianity. Its extension is as wide as creation. It touches all life—it ennobles all life—it purifies all life. The rainbow of Christ's loving presence shows the arch of human existence, and touches it at every point with its varied hues of sympathy. O! how Christianity touches and beautifies all life!—life in its human as well as in its divine aspects. Its mission is not to thwart or dwarf any power of our manhood, nor does it proclaim itself the adversary of the splendid attributes of what is sometimes sneeringly called "poor humanity"—only poor when dissociated from Christianity but humanity, blessed and ennobled by union with Christ—an ever possible result of the incarnation,—is not poor, but rich beyond expression. This doctrine, and this alone, will win souls to Christ—it is the Gospel of love—and God is love. It is the truth of the grand doctrines of the unity and brotherhood of the human race which is my warrant for pleading in a Christian church for funds to erect an asylum for non-Christian lepers in Bombay, as Cyprian pleaded for aid for the heathen when the plague raged in Africa from A.D. 250 to 265. It is this truth which makes the rendering of the help asked a duty on us who live in India. "Am I my brother's keeper?" Yes, the confession of brotherhood supplies the affirmative reply. "To the utmost of my capacity I am my brother's keeper, and God will ask an account of my brotherly duties performed and neglected." The order of our responsibilities in India is first—to endeavour to win souls to Christ—this must be the aim, the passionate aim, of every effort; secondly, to instil in the Asiatic mind all that is good and true of Western thought and custom, without denationalising the people, without repudiating or despising what is good of their own, by implanting sound principles of government, of education, of ethics, and of sociology. What a field of noble toil is open here! It is, too, our duty to care for the physical well-being of the people by weaning them from habits of domestic filth, and by insisting on the operation of correct sanitary laws of health, by checking and by treating disease. Already the charity of the public has produced a large sum of money for the leper asylum, but more is required. The condition and position of our brothers and sisters in the bondage of this horribly loathsome disease cry aloud for speedy aid. Shall we listen to it with indifference, passing by on the other side, like the priest and the Levite—or shall we turn to their aid, like the good Samaritan, though to do so will cause us no slightest inconvenience? Every gentle, tender heart must know their pain, their poverty, their cruel exposure and their homelessness. Recollect that they, too, poor, maimed, mutilated, horrible to view, are nevertheless, equally with us, God-descended.

CRICKET.

PARSEES *VS.* POONA (RETURN).

(SECOND DAY.)

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 16.

I have advised you by telegram of the results of the first day's play, but a few remarks are necessary to supplement what I have said already about the opening of the Parsees' second venture. Pavri and D. D. Kanga undoubtedly played good cricket, but the fielders might have saved half the runs. The day's play seemed to cripple Poona greatly, and their conduct in the field was so bad as to call forth reproaches from their own partisans in the pavilion. The next day Poona did even worse in the field. Some of the simplest catches were muffed, and there was generally a stiffness in the field, which could not but be perceptible to all who watched the match. The wicket played very fast, dry and true, quite in favour of the batsmen, for the bowlers could get little or no work on the ball. The play, however, was almost devoid of incident, if I may except the exhibition of D. Kanga, who was top-scorer for his side. Of his innings of 93, twenty-five were made on the evening before, when the bowling and fielding was execrable. When he went in again on Saturday he played pretty cricket, being quite at home with all the bowling he had to face. After making 52 in exceptional style, he gave a very easy catch, which was refused by Dr. Martin, and this virtually lost Poona the match. Kanga, on getting a new lease of life, knocked the bowlers about, and regularly demoralised the field, and although he had not much assistance till the advent of Dubash, he sent the total up by leaps and bounds, scoring very fast. To this batsman really belongs the honours of the match. He scored consistently in both innings, and kept wicket well. Dubash's 32 not out was a good batting feat, made as it was without the semblance of a chance. A little after lunch when the Parsees had 302 to the good, the captain very wisely declared the innings at an end. The move might have been made earlier, for in little over an hour and a half the Parsee bowlers, Messrs. Pavri, and M. Kanga captured the whole ten wickets at the expense of only 75 runs. This was truly a great performance, for it must be remembered that Poona's strong point was their batting, the bowling and fielding being admittedly points in their armour. Von Donop was top-scorer with seventeen runs. The whole innings was a most miserable display, due probably to the fogging they received in the long morning's out cricket. There is really very little more to say about the match. That the best side won goes without saying, and that they deserved to win is also pretty freely admitted. The fielding and bowling of the Parsees it would be impossible to surpass in India, and I must pay Mr. Patel, the Parsee captain a well-merited compliment, by putting it on record that since Gaddum left, I have not seen any who so well understood the art of placing his field. The contrast between the two elevens in this department of the game was so noticeable as to call forth very general remark. The batting of the Parsees is on the whole more steady than free, but even when they do not run up large scores, they seem to feel that their bowlers will get rid of their opponents for less, which probably prevents them from cutting up cripples. With regard to the doubtful actions, your readers know already how Mody was served on the first day. On the second day the Parsee captain showed how well the Eleven could dispose of his services. He was not put on to bowl at all, and yet the batting only realised 75 runs, fifteen less than on the first day, when Mody had charge of the ball. As to Pundole's action, I may mention that Dr. Barnes, the Poona umpire, thought it perfectly fair, and he no-balled him once, not for throwing, but for breaking the line. The Parsee victory by two wickets and 127 runs was a glorious one, and will probably be long remembered in the annals of Parsee cricket. The great merit of it lies in the fact that having been dismissed for a very small score in the first innings, owing to the bad wicket they had to play on, the Parsees succeeded in accounting for their opponents for nearly the same total. Poona had here a chance which they probably will never have again, against an Eleven of the calibre of the Parsees, and they failed from inability to take advantage of it. The weather was fair on both days, one only adjournment being caused by the rain, and that on the second day, when the game had just been started. The crowd of spectators was larger on the second day owing to the half holiday. The "oldest inhabitant" declared in the pavillion that he never saw a larger gallery in Poona. The Pavilion was crowded with the beauty and valour of Poona, their Excellencies Lord and Lady Harris heading the respective sections. The tents provided for the Parsee cricketers and their friends were crowded to suffocation, and a deep animated fringe ran round the whole ground. The play was watched with the deepest interest, and it may be added that the Poona Parsees are at any rate impartial. The following are the details of the game:—

The match was resumed at 11-25, Pavri and M. Kanga, the not-out overnight, facing the deliveries of Leslie and Stockdale. Kanga scored 3 off Leslie's last ball, when the rain came down and stopped the game for five minutes. On the resumption of play the left-hander made rather a dangerous stroke, he turned round to a ball from Stockdale and hit it behind the wicket. We have known a professional at home disqualified for a stroke of the very same description, and at 68 Leslie clean bowled Pavri who had added only five to his overnight's score. His innings was a good one, but not wholly free from chances, (68-2-30). Gagrat followed in and played very carefully for the first two overs, after which he began to hit out, starting with a four to leg from Stockdale. His partner continued to play well, piling on his score steadily. Gagrat then got a succession of two's all off Stockdale. With the score at 88 Leslie gave place to Gordon. The reason of this move it was hard to discover as Leslie was well on the spot, and neither batsman hit him about much. It might be, however, that the Poona captain wanted to save his best bowler, who soon tires. Then followed a fall. The partners took quite a quarter of an hour in making 5 runs, when Anderson was sent to relieve Stockdale. Gordon was somewhat less erratic than on the first day, and in five overs the only noticeable hit made off him was a 3 to leg by Gagrat. This was Gagrat's last flicker, being caught in the next one, from Anderson, behind the wicket by Von Donop. His twenty was a very average exhibition, (97-3-20).

anga scoring more freely of the two. At last Kanga ted one from Anderson, which was caught by the ge who had dropped him when his score was 52. his long innings, which extended over 2 hours and minutes, he played a magnificent game, hitting ely on every side, and treating all the bowling ike. He gave only one palpable chance in making 93, hich is undoubtedly a fine performance, (168-6-93). apasola and Dubash carried the score on to 182 hen the former put his leg into the wicket, and re- ed in favour of Vakil, who was in when the bell ng for lunch, the score being 196, to which Dubash d contributed 26. Five minutes' play after lunch fficed to complete the second century and four runs ore. Vakil played all round, one from Leslie, and was aten, and Pundole went in for one over, when the arsee captain declared the innings at an end, the tal being 205. Dubash's not out 32, was perhaps the ost correct innings of his side. His driving and atting were exceptionally good.

With two hours and three-quarters to make 203, oona began a second time with Colonel Rhodes and r. Croly. Pundole started the attack from the pavi- on end and the batsmen got a single each off him. avri trundled from the other side, his second over aw the end of Rhodes, who was well caught one hand the slips by Bapasola, (3-1-2). Stockdale, who filled e vacancy, was obliged to retire after just opening is score with a damaged finger, the consequence of atting without a glove. Dr. Martin then joined Croly, nd both playing well, caused Pundole to be taken ff in favour of M. D. Kanga, who bowled Dr. Martin off his pad just as he seemed set for a score, 18-2-8). Croly was soon afterwards missed at point y Dubash, but the chance was a hard one, and somewhat beyond his reach. Cox, who had supplanted Martin, was dismissed by Pavri before he could break is egg, (19-3-0). The Poona captain then came to the escue of his side, and began to score at once. He hit both bowlers about. Things began to look brighter for Poona, the runs came fast till Von Donop gave a catch o Gagrat at point, which was dropped. The partner- hip, however, came to an abrupt end when Croly was bowled by Kanga. His was exceedingly careful play. FitzClarence, his successor, failed to score, (39-5-0). Wilson, the next man, had great luck. The first ball he received from Kanga hit his pads and glanced on to his wicket but did not dislodge the bails. Major Von Donop however, soon joined the majority, having made the top score (17) more by good luck than by good play. Stockdale, who had had his finger bandaged up in the Sassoon Hospital, then returned to the charge, but after making 9, was bowled by Kanga, who by the way promises to develop into a second Barton. His slow deliveries were simply unplayable, and he was responsible for bringing the innings to an abrupt termination. He captured Wilson soon after- wards thus disposing of the last formidable opponent, (59-8-9). Leslie then only other Poonaite who got into double figures played a hot innings for 10. He hit at every thing and many thought it was a pity he and Gordon were not sent in first to force the game. The innings closed at 5-15 for 75 runs, leaving the Parsees winners by two wickets and 127 runs. The following is the full score :—

PARSEES.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
M D Kanga c Rhodes b Leslie	21	c Von Donop b Stockdale	5
Dubash c Von Donop b Stockdale	21	not out	32
Morenas b Leslie	10	c Von Donop b Stockdale	4
Gagrat b Leslie	0	c Von Donop b Anderson	20
D D Kanga c Rhodes b Stockdale	0	c Martin b Anderson	93
Pavri c Von Donop b Stockdale	0	b Leslie	30
Bapasola c Rhodes b Stockdale	0	l-b-w Anderson	12
Patel c Von Donop b Gordon	11	did not bat	
Vakil b Gordon	9	b Leslie	1
Mody b Stockdale	12	c Croly b Gordon	3
Pundole not out	3	not out	0
Extras	1	Extras	5
Total...	67	Total...	205

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	1st Innings.				2nd Innings.			
	B	R	M	W	B	R	M	W
Leslie	85	24	7	3	150	53	7	2
Gordon	65	17	2	2	70	37	4	1
Anderson	35	14	3	0	85	55	2	2
Stockdale	104	31	7	5	135	55	8	2

POONA.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Dr Croly c and b Mody	0	b M Kanga	9
Col Rhodes b Mody	15	c Bapasola b Pavri	2
H Stockdale b Gagrat	27	b M Kanga	9
Dr Martin l-b-w b Pavri	5	b M Kanga	8
Capt Cox b M Kanga	9	b Pavri	0
Major Von Donop b M Kanga	1	b M Kanga	17
Fitz Clarence c Gagrat b Pavri	5	c Morenas b M Kanga	0
Wilson	0	b M Kanga	9
Gordon b Pavri	6	c Dubash b Pavri	5
Leslie run out	3	c D D Kanga b Pavri	10
Anderson not out	3	not out	1
Extras	7	Extras	5
Total...	90	Total...	75

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	1st Innings.				2nd Innings.			
	B	R	M	W	B	R	M	W
Mody*	75	26	8	2	Pundole	20	11	0	0
Pavri	104	24	10	4	Pavri	94	33	7	4
Kanga	55	19	5	2	M D Kanga	75	26	6	6
Gagrat	40	12	3	1					

* Mody bowled 2 no balls.
† Pundole bowled one no ball.

MR. E. E. STEEL'S ELEVEN *VS.* MR. J. B. MACBETH'S ELEVEN.

THE return fixture with Ahmednugger was down on the Gymkhana card on Friday and Saturday last, but Bombay was unable to send away a team. The vacant Saturday was therefore utilized for a scratch match in the afternoon, on a wicket which played particularly well and fast, compared to some lately. Mr. Steel's 61 was the chief contribution to his side's score, and, although marred by a chance or two, was a fine display of free cricket. The other team could only compile 69, and were clearly the weaker of the two. The bowling honours were shared by Mr. Steel with six for 36, and Mr. H. E. Lowis, 9th Bombay Infantry, a recent importation to the Gymkhana, who secured five for 24. Mr. Twiss was particularly happy at the wicket and accounted for three dismissals, besides allowing no byes in a rather lengthy innings.

MR. E. E. STEEL'S ELEVEN.

Mr E E Steel c Lowis b Framji	61
Mr A P Gould b Lowis	0
Mr L N Beatty st Twiss b Brooks	35
Mr T F Edyvean c Lowis b Brooks	22
Mr C E O'Shea st Twiss b Brooks	13
Mr H R Hume b Lowis	15
Mr T R Phillips c Young b Lowis	12
Mr Stubbs b Brook	2
Mr N S Glazebrook c Macbeth b Lowis	3
Mr G H McCausland c Twiss b Lowis	1
P C Dyer, not out	1
Extras	2
Total...	167

MR. J. B. K. MACBETH'S ELEVEN.

Mr H R Dunk b Beatty	13
Mr L R Forrest b Steel	0
Mr J H Twiss b Beatty	10
Mr F A Prevost b Beatty	11
Mr H E Lowis l-b-w b Steel	6
Mr H G Brooks c and b Steel	7
Mr H S Jacob b Steel	0
Mr D Brooks l-b-w b Steel	0
Mr W E Young b O'Shea	8
Mr J B Macbeth st Gould b Steel	0
Framji not out	5
Extras	9
Total...	69

BOWLING ANALYSIS.
Mr. Steel's Eleven.

	R.	B.	M.	W.
Lowis	76	24	7	5
D Brooks	95	64	1	4
Twiss	10	17	0	0
Macbeth	35	30	1	0
Framjee	20	12	1	0
Jacob	20	20	0	0

Mr. Macbeth's Eleven.

Steel	69	36	2	6
Beatty	50	19	4	3
Jacob	15	5	1	0

Y. M. C. A. ATHLETIC CLUB *VS.* MARINE LINES C. CLUB.

THE above match was played on the Y. M. C. A. ground, and commenced at ten minutes to 3 or fifty minutes later than the time arranged, owing to the late arrival of some of the players. The Y. M. C. A. captain, having won the toss, elected to bat. W. E. Harrington's batting was excellent, his 40 not out being put together in exceedingly good style. H. J. Clark also batted very well, he and Mr. Harrington between them bringing the score from 43 up to 104. After the Y. M. C. A. had reached the total of 116 runs for the loss of six wickets, they declared their innings at an end. The Marine Lines C. C. could make no stand against the bowling of Boileau, the under-arm bowler, who was evidently too much for them, as will be seen from his analysis of six wickets for six runs. The total of the Marine Lines C. C. was only 19, and a follow on was necessary.

In their second attempt the visitors lost five wickets for 23 runs, thus leaving the Y. M. C. A. victors on the first innings by 97 runs.

The following are the scores :—

Y. M. C. A. A. C.

1st Innings.	
F J Clark c Khanmeter b Gopnak	3
R W Boileau, run out	12
W George c Hojal b Carnegie	14
S W Lynn c Barton b Gopnak	4
W E Harrington not out	40
H J Clark c Khanmater b Barton	26
W Makison b Carnegie	0
H J Harrington... H Knight ... Brady ... H Wallick ...	did not bat.
Extras	17
Total...	116

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	1st Innings.				2nd Innings.			
	B	R	M	W	B	R	M	W
F J Clark	25	11	1	2	25	8	2	3
R W Boileau	25	6	2	6	25	15	0	2

MARINE LINES C. CLUB.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
A G Barton run out	3	c Mackison b Clark	2
A J Bentinck b Boileau	0		
C G Carnegie c and b F J Clark	3	b Clark	4
Dr MacCartie b Boileau	0		
Dr Jenny b Boileau	2		
Dr Hojel b F J Clark	3	b Clark	5
Khanmeter b Boileau	3	not out	7
A W Creagh not out	1	c and b Boileau	2
Gunack c H J Harrington b Boileau	2	b Boileau	0
Gopnack c H J Harrington b Boileau	0	not out	3
Extras	2		
Total...	19	Total...	23

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B	R	M	W
A C Barton	60	30	4	1
Gopnack	75	28	3	2
Carnegie	40	20	2	2
Khanmeter	20	4	2	...
Bentinck	20	6	2	...
Dr Jenny	15	11	...	...

ROYAL ARTILLERY *VS.* 61st REGIMENT.

THIS match, played between the two corps stationed at Colaba on the 14th inst., resulted in an easy victory for the infantry by an innings and 21 runs. The following are the scores :—

61ST REGIMENT.

Private Walton c Bolt b Smith	16
Lce-Corpl Caburn b Hartley	3
Private Yeomans b Smith	19
Major Curtin c O'Neil b Smith	8
Mr Burges b Smith	5
Sergt Young b McLean b Hartley	2
Corpl Williams c Smith b Bolt	6
Private Berry b Smith	13
Mr Lovett c Ferguson b Smith	14
Private Nurding b Smith	0
Private Leeworthy, not out	2
Extras	9
Total...	97

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Sergt Mclean c and b Nurding	13	c Young b Berry	3
Gr Bolt b Nurding	2	c Nurding b Berry	3
Mr Phillips c Yeomans b Williamson	16	b Berry	0
Gr Boynton hit wicket b Williamson	1	not out	14
Capt Owen b Williamson	0	b Berry	3
Sergt Ferguson c Yeomans b Williamson	0	b Berry	0
Mr Parsons b Williamson	3	c Williamson b Young	2
Mr Singer c Lovett b Williamson	0	c Major Curtin b Young	4
Gr Hartley b Williamson	0	b Berry	1
Gr Smith not out	4	b Berry	0
Gr O'Neil b Nurding	2	c and b Berry	0
Extras	4	Extras	1
Total...	45	Total...	31

MESSRS. RALLI BROTHERS' CRICKET CLUB *VS.* THE BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CLUB.

A match was played on Saturday last between the above clubs, and ended in a win for the Municipal by 63 runs. It must be mentioned, however, that Ralli's team was not a representative one, Messrs. Edyvean Chonkar, Gagrat, Bapasola, Mathuradas, and S. R. and N. C. Metha being left out. The Municipal Club having been lately started and considered not quite fit to hold their own against a representative team of Ralli's, in order to make the game more equal and interesting, the persons mentioned above, were omitted at the special request of the Municipal Club, but the result has proved that it is not a wise policy to over-calculate the weakness of an adversary.

Mr. Walsh, the captain of Ralli's team, winning the toss, elected to bat, but owing to the good bowling of Mr. Hale, the whole Eleven was dismissed for 38 runs only. The Municipal Club in their turn put together 101 runs, of which Mr. Tomlinson was responsible for 34. Subjoined are the full scores :—

RALLI BROTHERS' C. C.

Mr H J Walsh b Hale	2
Mr Dosabhoy c Penstone b Hale	2
Mr G S Nayak b Sitaram	2
Mr Dinkar b Hale	3
Mr J Rodgers b Sitaram	3
Mr G W Penstone c and b Sitaram	6
Mr Dhunjibhoy b Hale	8
Mr H S Nayak b Sitaram	5
Mr S Vernudachi run out	0
Mr H Menzies c Dorabjee b Hale	2
Mr Dosos not out	0
Extras	5
Total...	38

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL C. C.

Mr E Hale b H S Nayak	12
Mr Madon b G S Nayak	2
Mr Tomlinson b Dosabhoy	34
Mr Daroowala b G S Nayak	5
Mr Michael c Menzies b Dosabhoy	0
Mr Benson b G S Nayak	9
Mr Mayers b H S Nayak	0
Mr Dorabjee b G S Nayak	9
Mr Sitaram c Penstone b G S Nayak	4
Mr Bhende not out	7
Mr Hewett c Dosabhoy b H S Nayak	10
Extras	9
Total...	101

BOWLING ANALYSIS.
Municipal Club.

	B	R	M	W
Hale	49	10	2	5
Sitaram	45	23	0	5

Ralli Brothers C. C.

	B	R	M	W
Dosabhoy*	59	19	2	2
G S Nayak	85	41	2	5
H S Nayak	55	33	1	3
H J Walsh	10	5	1	0

* Bowled 2 no balls.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 17th August, 1890.
(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	17	11	...	3	56
Teheran	17	9	40	...	18
Suez	17	2	20	...	49

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. on 17th August, 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	44	...	4
„ Kurrachee	...	13	...	1
„ Madras	...	13	...	2

INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION OF WESTERN INDIA

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I shall thank you to spare me a little space in your columns. It appears from the remarks in your yesterday's issue that there is a little misunderstanding about the scope and work of the proposed Industrial Association. The committee, under whose authority the present prospectus is issued, consists as you rightly observe of representative gentlemen from the Deccan, and you advise that its scope should be enlarged. In connection with this remark permit me to state that the committee now formed is only a provisional committee, and steps are being taken to secure the sympathy and support of representative gentlemen from Bombay, Gujerat, and Sind. One leading gentleman from Bombay, the Hon'ble Mr. Javerilal Umiashanker Yajnik, has already joined the committee. The Chamber of Commerce, the Mill-Owners' Association, and similar other bodies in Bombay and elsewhere, as also private gentlemen, are being approached, and the Provisional Committee of the Association hope that before long they will be able to enlist the sympathies of representative gentlemen from all parts of the Presidency. With the strong support of able exponents of public opinion like your own good self, the committee will, it is hoped, be certainly able to successfully appeal to the merchant princes of the first city in the Empire. The emphatic approval which the Hon'ble Rao Bahadoor Ranade's speech, at the preliminary meeting held at Hirabag, in the month of May last, has received from the Hon'ble Sir Raymond West, and the English press in India encourages the committee to entertain hopes that the sympathies of the official and non-official European gentlemen of the Presidency will be enlisted on our side. It is a good cause that the committee have undertaken, and with earnest and patient work it is bound to succeed.—Yours, &c.,

M. B. NAMJOSI.

Poona, Aug. 15.

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE seventh ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company was held on Saturday afternoon at the registered office of the Company, No. 5, Green Street, Fort, Bombay,—Mr. Shamrao Vithul in the chair. The following was the report submitted :—

From the accounts herewith annexed it will be seen that the past year's working has resulted in a profit of Rs. 39,283-15-11, which, with Rs. 8,311-6-9 —the balance brought forward from last year—comes to Rs. 47,595-6-8. Your mill stopped working on the 15th December last to allow of the erection of the new additional pair of engines, and the stoppage continued till the 25th January last, on which date, both the old and new engines were successfully started. Although your mill recommenced work on that day, it was about the last week in March that it was in full working order. It had also to be stopped for eight days in the month during the past three months of the year in carrying out the arrangement made by the Millowners' Association for working short time. Thus your mill could not earn anything for about three months in the year, while the interest on loans, and such other current charges and expenses, had to be incurred, and this has reduced the profits of the year. Taking into consideration the above facts, together with the high prices that were ruling and had to be paid for raw materials, during the greater part of the year, your directors trust that the above result will be considered satisfactory. Your directors have, out of the profits, paid the sixth (*ad interim*) dividend of Rs. 20 per share, on the old shares, for the half year ended 31st December last, which has taken up rupees 12,000, and they propose to appropriate the balance as follows :—Depreciation fund, being at 5 per cent. on the cost of old buildings and machinery, Rs. 21,407-7-1 ; seventh dividend on the old shares at Rs. 20 per share for the half year from January to June 1890 (exclusive of income-tax), being at the rate and making a total dividend of 8 per cent. for the year, on the old shares, Rs. 12,000 ; to carry forward to next year's account, Rs 2,187-15-7 ; total Rs. 35,595-6-8. The third and fourth calls, amounting together to Rs. 300 per share of the increased capital, were called up and paid during the year as shown in the accounts. Your directors have deemed it advisable to acquire 1,000 square yards of land adjoining the mills. The stock on hand mentioned in the accounts, has been checked and verified, as usual, by your auditor. Your mill buildings, machinery, and contents are insured for Rs. 8,15,000, and cotton and other raw materials are insured separately to the full amount.

The directors' report was approved and adopted. Mr. Isaac Alcock, who retired by rotation, was re-elected as director, and Mr. P. S. Kharegat was appointed as auditor of the company, with a remuneration of Rs. 350. A dividend of Rs. 20 per share was declared payable on and after the 25th of August.

A vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

RE-OPENING OF LEPER WARD AT JAMSETJEE HOSPITAL.

THE *East Goftar* says :—The first fruits of Mr. Acworth's able and well-directed agitation for the housing and treatment of lepers will be the temporary asylum which is to be built within two months and maintained at the cost of the Government, the Corporation, and the public. The asylum, though called temporary, may, either in Bombay or at Trombay, take a permanent shape hereafter. The public conscience has been thoroughly aroused with respect to its duty to the leper, and Mr. Acworth, by his praiseworthy zeal and earnestness has been able to collect Rs. 40,300 within the short space of a fortnight. Pity for the afflicted poor and the fear of contamination are the motives which have moved the public, and the Government and the Municipality have done their part in the interest of the general health. They have each undertaken to pay monthly a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,000 towards the maintenance of the home, till the hospital at Trombay is completed. In view of the growing tendency on the part of Government to add to the financial liability of the local tax-payer, the Corporation have taken a wise precaution in coupling with their resolution, granting the sum of Rs. 1,000 per month for the Leper Asylum, a distinct declaration that it is no portion of the duties cast upon them by law to incur any charges on account of lepers. It was also due to Mr. Acworth that the original offer of Mr. Rustomji Jamsetji and its acceptance by Government 25 years ago to build an hospital for lepers were fished out from old records ; and the agitation which followed against the abrupt closing of that ward has resulted in one great good, viz., the ward, we are glad to state, has been just re-opened by the orders of H. E. the Governor. It is, no doubt, incumbent on the Corporation to take measures for checking or preventing the spread of dangerous diseases. But, as was explained at the meeting, it would be an extravagant straining of the law to include leprosy among the dangerous diseases contemplated by the Act. Government, again, has made further amends for closing the leper ward which owed its existence to the liberality of the late Mr. Rustomji Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy by willingly undertaking to pay a moiety of the cost of maintaining the temporary asylum, and by offering to legislate on the compulsory segregation of lepers, if the Corporation felt itself embarrassed for want of legal authority to detain the unfortunates in the home provided for them. It seems that even as the law now stands, the Municipality can exercise this power ; so there is no fear of the home remaining vacant through the unwillingness of those for whom it is built to come in and stay there. The asylum will chiefly owe its existence to the initiative of Mr. Acworth, Municipal Commissioner, who has worked with ability and tact to enlist the sympathy of the public and the powers that be on behalf of the project, and whose labours in this direction were acknowledged in fitting terms by members at the meeting of the Corporation this week.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Colaba. In. cts.
Previously registered	63 55	64 86	67 65	53 10
August 16, Saturday	0 1	0 4	0 10	0 38
August 17, Sunday	0 1	0 23	0 3	0 8
Total...	63 57	65 13	67 78	53 56
Total of corresponding date last year	60 95	64 89	63 44	58 19
Do. in 1888	49 74	44 25	49 10	43 55

Rainfall at Byculla, Fort, and the Esplanade registered from 6 p.m. to 6 p.m. ; and at Colaba from 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SATURDAY, NIGHT, AUGUST 16.

10 p.m.	76·9

FRIDAY, AUGUST 17.

6 a.m.	76·7
10 a.m.	80·2
2 p.m.	81·3
4 p.m.	81·0

NEWS IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIL.

ARMY DISCIPLINE AND PARLIAMENTARY INTERFERENCE.

LONDON, JULY 26.

IN the House of Lords yesterday, sixty-two Bills received the Royal assent by commission. Lord Sandhurst asked for further information respecting the late occurrences in connection with the Grenadier Guards, particularly as to whether the court-martial had found any of the non-commissioned officers to be blameworthy. It was difficult to believe that the men of a regiment could have been bordering on mutiny without the knowledge of the non-commissioned officers.

The Duke of Cambridge deprecated any discussion upon this matter, as it would be impossible to maintain discipline in the Army if such subjects were debated in Parliament. So long as the House had confidence in the administration, the authorities must be permitted to take such steps as they thought necessary for the welfare of the Army and for the benefit of her Majesty's subjects. If a regiment was not to be dealt with in the manner thought to be most conducive to the restoration of discipline and obedience it would be impossible for any officer at the head of the Army to conduct the duties of his position. (Cheers.)

Earl Brownlow expressed surprise that a noble lord who himself had served in the Guards should have brought up this subject. The court martial had investigated the conduct not only of the private soldiers but of the non-commissioned officers and the commanding officers, and Colonel Maitland had been allowed to resign. Their lordships adjourned at 6-10.

GUARDS AND FOREIGN SERVICE.

In the House of Commons, several questions were put to the Secretary for War upon the same subject. Mr. Stanhope said that Colonel Maitland had retired on half-pay. It was not the intention of the Government that the Guards should henceforward take their turn of foreign service with the rest of the Army.

Sir James Fergusson informed Sir G. Campbell that no information had been received as to Captain Sir Baldwin Walker, R. N., having taken off the embargo of Mr. Baird's lobster factory in Newfoundland, or undertaken to pay the damage. He had reason to believe that the *modus vivendi* was still being enforced.

THE ANGLO-GERMAN AGREEMENT BILL.

The debate on the Anglo-German Agreement Bill was continued. Mr. Labouchere characterised Lord Salisbury's policy as one of meddling in Europe, truckling to Germany, and turning the cold shoulder to France.

Sir William Harcourt confined his speech to supporting Mr. Gladstone's objection to the Bill on Constitutional grounds. That objection was vigorously combated by Sir Henry James.

Sir Wilfrid Lawson said that when Englishmen talked of civilisation and Christianity they usually meant rum and gunpowder. (Laughter.)

Mr. Channing protested against the odious and dangerous precedent of handing over English subjects to a foreign country without ascertaining their wishes.

After a long debate the second reading was carried by 209 votes to 61.

THE BISLEY RIFLE MEETING.

The competitors at the Bisley Rifle Meeting were again favoured with splendid weather yesterday (Friday), but the interest manifestly diminishes, now that the chief prizes have been won and the day for the break-up of the camp approaches.

Clifton College has won the public Schools Veteran Match with 232 points : and Captain Fremantle (1st Bucks) won the Dudley with the fine score of of a possible 50, 10 shots at 1,100 yards.

The Cape team, in the competition against eight men of the London Rifle Brigade, had the misfortune to forfeit 86 points of one of their number who shot with a rifle of too light pull, and left their opponents the winners by 673 points to 672.

In Regulars *vs.* Volunteers the former led at the 800 yards range by 555 to 547 points. Captain Barnett, of the Central London Rangers, put on fifteen successive bulls at this distance. The result was a win for the regulars by 1,593 points to 1,586.

The Loyd-Lindsay Prize was won by the Ayrshire Yeomanry.

THE DOCK TROUBLE SETTLED.

Negotiation carried on at the Dock House have resulted in the London and St. Katharine Docks Company acceding to the Union's request to have the men's Union cards examined on the dock premises. The news of the settlement was received with loud cheering by the men assembled at the Dock Club, Wapping.

About 7 o'clock yesterday (Friday) morning, when the Union men's representative was entering the chief gate of the London and St. Katharine Docks, he was refused admittance by the dock police. It began to look as if a renewal of trouble was to occur when, at about half-past 7, Tom Mann appeared on the scene. On learning what had happened, he at once sought Mr. Cox, the superintendent of the docks, with the result that he called the men together and instructed the men's representatives to examine the cards, but not to take them out of the men's hands. During this time the gates had been opened and the bell was ringing, but the men did not respond to the call until Mr. Mann had instructed them to do so. They then went inside and the foreman called out the names, each man showing his ticket, and after this they had to pass a barrier where they had to produce both the ticket granting them employment and the Union card. It is surmised that the hitch arose from the result of the negotiations not having reached the superintendent until yesterday morning.

AMERICAN CONSUL IN PARIS.

The appointment of General Adam Eckfeldt King as American Consul-General to Paris, in succession to General Rathbone, is freely discussed among Americans. General King has played a prominent part upon the political platform in Baltimore, and is as well-known figure at all big meetings of his party. Major Rathbone, on hearing of the name of his successor, instantly cabled his congratulations. Though it is not likely that he will entertain on so extensive a scale as his predecessor has done, he has won the reputation of being a very genial host, and, with the assistance of his accomplished wife and daughters will fill acceptably the social duties of his office. General King's plans have not yet been fully determined upon, but he has decided to leave for his post on August 15.

SEVERE FIGHTING IN CENTRAL AMERICA.

New York, July 25.—Conflicting accounts continue to be received concerning the recent fighting in Central America. The San Salvadorians claim to have been victorious in six battles, in which many Guatemalans were killed and wounded. They also assert that they had pushed their way into the interior of the enemy's country. On the other hand, the Guatemalan Minister for Foreign Affairs telegraphs, *via* Mexico, under date July 23, that General Ezeta's army invaded Guatemala, but was repulsed with heavy loss.

Advices from Mexico City, *via* Galveston, state that Generals Lostines, Rocha, and Florel, who were reported as leading Mexican troops to the Guatemalan frontier, are there. President Diaz has authorised the publication of a statement that not a single Mexican soldier has been moved to the Guatemalan frontier, that there are only two regiments on the entire line, the same number having been stationed there for three years, and that Mexico will observe, as now, the strictest neutrality.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

THE SULTAN AND MACEDONIA.

Constantinople, July 25.— I am able to formally confirm the denial which you have already published concerning the question relating to the Exarchate of the Bulgarian Bishops in Macedonia. The Sultan as stated in a recent telegram to the *Galignani Messenger*, in view of the opposition raised by M. de Nelidoff, the Russian Ambassador, has so far declined to sign the Irade on this subject, and it is even probable that his Majesty will finally refuse to grant it.

THE MURDER OF A SERVIAN CONSUL.

Belgrade, July 25.—An important council of Ministers has been held here to-day, when it was decided that M. Novakovitch, Servian Minister to the Porte, should present his letters of recall in the event of his failing to obtain immediate satisfaction from the Sultan for the murder of M. Marinkovitch, Servian Consul.

DISTURBANCES IN SICILY.

Palermo, July 25.—Serious disturbances have broken out at the sulphur mines. All the workmen are on strike, and several of them have set fire to a large quantity of sulphur, besides committing other acts of violence. Troops are being dispatched to the scene of disturbances from Caltanisetta.

A COMING SOCIALIST CONGRESS.

Berlin, July 25.—A Socialist Congress will be held here in October. All the German electoral districts will be represented in proportion to the number of Socialist votes given at the last elections.

Herr Bebel, the well-known Deputy, has been entrusted with the preparation of the programme of the deliberations of the Congress.

ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENTS IN ALGERIA.

Genova, July 25.—The police here have arrested a man named Lebeau, late cashier to the Chemins de Fer d'Algerie, on a charge of embezzling 400,000fr. He had come to Geneva under an assumed name.

THE KAISER'S VISIT TO RUSSIA.

Berlin, July 25.—It is announced that the Emperor William will land at Reval from the Hohenzollern in order to attend the Russian manœuvres, and will proceed to Narwa on August 17. The manœuvres, after a church parade on Sunday, will extend to Krassoe Selo, and close on August 24 with a general parade, after which the Emperor William, who will be accompanied throughout by General Caprivi, his new Imperial Chancellor, will make a short stay at Peterhoff.

The Archduke Karl Ludwig of Austria will also be the Czar's guest on the occasion.

A WARNING NOTE FROM RUSSIA.

London, July 26.—The *Times* publishes a telegram from its Constantinople correspondent, stating that the Russian Ambassador has presented a note to the Porte declaring that the concessions made to Bulgaria are humiliating to the Sultan, and that the Bulgarian demands in regard to Macedonia are so many manœuvers intended to prop up the tottering throne of Prince Ferdinand of Coburg whose regime is illegal.

The note adds that as the Bulgarian Government is hostile to Russia the condescension of the Porte towards that Government is an unfriendly act which may lead to serious consequences.

The Porte feels no little uneasiness in consequence of this action on the part of Russia.

REFORMS IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—The Czar is just now showing his liberalism by a series of projected reforms on a very unusual scale. His Majesty has signed a ukase suppressing the transportation of prisoners to Siberia. Convicts, in future, will be sent to agricultural colonies to be founded in the Valley of the Caucasus, where they will be no longer imprisoned, but will be engaged in manual labour in the open air.

Another ukase reorganises the Provincial Councils, which will hereafter have a right of initiative. A third degree will shortly be issued, amending the existing electoral system.

BELGIUM AND THE CONGO FREE STATE.

Brussels, July 25.—The Chamber of Representatives was engaged to-day in a debate upon the Convention between Belgium and the Independent Congo State. M. Beernaert, Minister of Finance, reiterated what had been previously said with reference to the agreement with France, showing that the right of preemption given to the latter Power was merely conditional and did not interfere with Belgian interests. The King did not propose to sell the Congo, but he offered it to Belgium, and would continue for ten years longer to pay 1,000,000fr. out of his privy purse towards the expenses of the Independent State. France could raise no objection to the arrangement, and the French Minister in Brussels had even expressed the satisfaction of his Government at the good relations subsisting between the two countries on the borders of the Congo. The mouth of the great African river was of considerable importance, and the Power who had adhered to the Act of the Berlin Conference would regard the cession of the territory in that district to Belgium with satisfaction. In reply to questions, the hon. Minister added that the annexation of the State would not call for any modification of the Belgian Constitution. A law would, however, have to be passed to settle the special regime under which the Congo territories would hereafter be placed.

The House, on a division, adopted the Convention by 95 votes to 1.

LATEST FRENCH NEWS.

THE FRENCH NAVAL MANŒUVRES.

Cherbourg, July 25.—The squadron arrived from Saint-Vaast at half-past 3 o'clock this afternoon. It was headed by the Formidable, Admiral Duperres flagship.

The Buffle, with the Minister of Marine on board, was saluted at a distance of two miles from the shore with twenty-one guns from the Formidable, and the other vessels, on passing her, also rendered the usual honours.

The *coup d'œil* was splendid, and the weather was magnificent. Enormous crowds had gathered on the heights to witness the spectacle, and the whole town was *en fete*.

The Russian Ambassador, in a special boat, awaited the arrival of the fleet in the roadstead.

M. Barbey and Admiral Lespes went on board the Admiral's ship as soon as she dropped anchor.

There was a Naval sham fight to-night.

LOSS OF A NORWEGIAN BARQUE.

Bordeaux, July 25.—The Norwegian barque Jupiter, Captain Thornassen, arrived at Pauillac to-day from Miramichi. He brought with him the crew of the Norwegian barque Ino, which was lost on her voyage from Liverpool to Rio de Janeiro. He fell in with her on the 15th instant.

AMERICAN NEWS.

WORLD'S FAIR DIFFICULTIES.

Chicago, July 25.—The World's Fair Commissioners are beset with the difficulties which characterise so many American public enterprises, and have thus far made little progress. Speculators and real estate "boomers" are insatiable, and the petty jealousies of everybody concerned hamper the proceedings of the Commissioners. The feeling of the public from the beginning has been that the great show had been engineered largely in the interests of the Illinois Central Railway and the real estate speculators. The scheme is to perfect the title of a large quantity of land on the lake front which has long been questionable, and, after the fair, to turn over this property, and the great acreage which will be created, to the Illinois Central Railway. The value of the land that would thus be transferred is $1,500,000.

FATAL AFFRAY.

Kansas City, July 25.—In a dispute in this city yesterday over the merits of the Federal Election Bill between Captain Ellington, a famous scout in rebellion days, and W. D. Mackinturf, the latter drew a revolver and shot the Captain dead. The latter's son sprang forward to secure the murderer, when he too received a bullet in the heart. The lookers-on were too frightened to interfere, as Mackinturf threatened the first who stirred with instant death. He then backed away and escaped.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND FISHERY QUESTION.

St. John's (Newfoundland), July 25.—Sir Baldwin Walker, the commander of the British man-of-war Emerald, who closed Baird's lobster canning factory, and placed armed marines in charge of it, has been served with a writ, through the local courts, asking for $ 5,000 damages. It is made returnable

ECHOES OF SCIENCE.

Some time ago M. Zigang adapted the magnetotelephone of Professor Bell so as to make it give out a continuous musical note of one tone. This was done by passing the vibrating plate or tympanum to make and break an electric current circulating in the coil around the magnet. The current, thus interrupted by the action of the plate itself kept the latter in vibration, as the hammer of an induction coil is kept in vibration by the intermittent current in the coil. The tone produced had the pitch due to the fundamental note of the plate; and it was possible to make a musical instrument by using several plates of different tones. But quite recently M. Zigang has been able to evoke a variety of notes from a single plate by touching it with a stylus at different points and so altering its vibration. He is thus able to play tunes on one telephone, and has in a measure produced a new musical instrument.

Mr. W. H. Wahl recently described a new process of electroplating copper and brass with white metallic platinum before the chemical section of the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia. The bath employed is a solution of platinum hydrate, caustic potash or soda, and distilled water; the current used to decompose it has an electromotive force of two volts; the anode which conveys the current to the cell is of platinum or carbon. Steel, nicle, tin, zinc, and German silver can also be platinised in this way, after being first coated with copper. Professor L. Dudley, of the Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tennessee, has also brought out a similar method of coating metals with iridum.

A mounted scout or spy can often convey a better idea of the nature of a country by a slight sketch in pencil or water colour than by pages of writing, and to facilitate this work M. Blain, a French cavalry officer, has introduced what is called "a field dark chamber." It consists of a small portable drawing table on three telescopic legs, and having a frame above it over which a curtain of black cloth can be hung so as to shade the drawing board. An image is formed of the view to be sketched by means of a lens, and the curtain is disposed so as to render it well defined. The artist then copies it on paper placed on the drawing board. A camp-stool forms part of the equipment, which is all very light and portable.

If two vertical tubes filled with water are connected by a cross-pipe the level of the liquid in each will be the same. This property has been applied by the Committee of Levels in France to the construction of a levelling instrument of great precision. The vertical tubes are of glass, 1·80 metres high and two centimetres in diameter. They are surrounded with a non-conductor of heat, and protected by a case of nickeled copper. Scales and means of accurately observing the level of the water are provided; and the two tubes are connected by a flexible pipe of copper 50 metres long and eight millimetres of internal diameter. Distilled water is employed, and a correction is made for temperature.

In 1879 Dr. Huggins, the well-known astronomer, found the ultra-violet spectrum of hydrogen in the light of Sirius and certain white stars, and suspected the presence of a group of obscure rays in the more refrangible part of the spectrum of that star. He has now verified the existence of such rays, and finds them as large and strong as the ultra-violet series of hydrogen. They are supposed to belong to a similar substance at present unknown.

Scientific holidays appear to be coming more and more into vogue, and a summer school of biology in connection with the Brooklyn Institute has been opened at Cold Spring Harbour, Long Island, United States. The bay there is very rich in marine life, and the forests of the neighbourhood abound with interesting plants and animals. The laboratory is well provided with boats, including a steam launch with dredging tackle. Moreover, the steamer Fish Hawk, belonging to the United States Fish Commission, is to spend the summer in Long Island Sound to watch the depredations of star fish among the oyster beds; and the students are to have the privilege of making long excursions on board. Expert photographers and an artist are attached to the school, courses of lectures will be delivered by different authorities on the specified subjects from various colleges, and original researches will be prosecuted.

The Norwegian plan of announcing the state of the weather, or latest meteorological observations on railway trains has been adopted on the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Heligoland is doubtless the remains of an old extension of the European continent into the North Sea. It stands on the borders of the shallow gulf between Schleswig and Holland, which has an average depth of some twenty or twenty-five fathoms, and is known as the white bank or bank of Ameland. The island appears to have been much larger even in traditionary times. If one may credit the Saga of Egil it once contained a barn large enough to hold a table and 800 guests. Adam de Breme states that the island was very fertile, and rich in cereals, cattle, and birds. At the end of the seventeenth century the Brunnen reefs, a mile or two off north-east coast were connected with it by an isthmus. In the years 800 and 1300 a cataclysm of some sort demolished a part of the island and caused considerable loss of life. Whether this was due to an earthquake or the undermining action of the sea is doubtful, but in 1833, and again in 1858, the level of the sea is reported to have risen without any apparent cause. The isle seems to be a hard nucleus, less friable than that which is already lost, and is likely to resist the erosion of the waves for many centuries.

According to Dr. Lindemann, of Hamburg, the east coast is protected by a sand bank, and it is on the west coast that the waves are best able to destroy the cliffs. Violent rains and fogs are the chief agent in the denudation of the island, especially on the eastern slopes, where a field 250 feet long has disappeared within the last 80 years. From actual measurement the east coast has given way 2·15 metres since 1845, or at the rate of about five centimetres a year. It will therefore, be thousands of years, even in the ordinary course of nature, and without resorting to artificial breakwaters, before Heligoland ceases to exist, and in that time it may change hands more than once.

The mound of Tell Hesy, in Palestine, recently explored by Mr. Flinders Petrie, consists of the ruins of two several towns, one later than another, and an enclosure to the south and west. The lowest wall is no less than 28ft. 8in. thick, and built of unbaked brick. It is supposed to be that of Lachish, an Amorite city, probably built 1,500 years B. C. Phœnician pottery, of date 1,100 B. C., is found above the level of this wall. Later constructions are believed to be the wall of Rehoboam, and the fortifications erected in the reigns of Asa, Jehoshaphat, Uzziah, Jothan, and Manasseh. Mr. Petrie has collected a variety of pottery which will enable future excavators in Palestine to identify Amorite, early Jewish, and also later Jewish pottery as influenced by Greek and Phœnician Trade.

The small toe in man has often but two joints, owing to the last two bones forming into one piece. The phenomenon, according to the researches of Herr Pfitzner, occurs more frequently among women than men. It is found in 31 per cent. of the male sex, and 41½ per cent. of the female sex. But it is not confined to adults, and is about as common in children. Herr Pfitzner does not therefore think it due to wearing shoes, but to a natural degeneration of the fifth toe, and it is yet uncertain whether this degeneration will end in its practical disappearance from the human foot.

In a paper to the American Society of Civil Engineers, Mr. G. W. Rafter brings out the fact that a number of Algæ may help in making fresh water impotable, and produce a nauseous or "fishy" smell, in general due to the decomposition of their mucilaginous envelopes or of the starch or oil contained in their cells. Of these are the well-known fungus or *Schizomycete Beggiatoa*, also *Cladophora*, *Vaucheria*, &c., and diatoms in general, especially the *Meridion circulare*. Desmids are, appears, usually innocuous.

The nautical balloon of Signor Balsamello which was recently tried at Civita Vecchia, is not very novel, inasmuch as it has been spoken about for the last year or two; but no doubt the inventor has required time to improve it. It is made of metal and fitted with plate glass windows, which enable the occupants to admire the submarine prospect. It is propelled by a screw and steered by a rudder worked from the interior. The balloon was originally intended for examining the sea-bottom, but is capable of use in time of war.

Valuable Discovery for the Hair.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White Hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Co. Limited, Farringdon-Road, London, England

IMPORTANT TO ALL.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

is absolutely necessary for the preservation of Health.

YOU cannot overstate its great value in keeping the BLOOD PURE; as a means of keeping the system clear, and thus taking away the groundwork of Malarious Diseases, BLOOD POISONS, and all Liver Complaints, or as a HEALTH-GIVING, REFRESHING, COOLING, and INVIGORATING BEVERAGE, or as a gentle Laxative or Tonic in the various forms of Indigestion ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" is invaluable.

IT IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR

Biliousness.	Sick Headache.	Unnatural Excitement.
Mental Depression.	Giddiness.	Errors in Diet.
Skin Eruptions.	Liver Derangements.	Thirst, &c.
Constipation.	Feverishness.	Impure Blood.

A SPARKLING AND REFRESHING DRAUGHT.—Notwithstanding its medicinal value, the "FRUIT SALT" must be looked upon as essential as breathing fresh air, or as a simple and safe beverage under ALL CIRCUMSTANCES, and may be taken as a sparkling and refreshing draught in the same way as Lemonade, Soda Water, Potass Water, &c., only it is much cheaper and BETTER, IN EVERY SENSE OF THE TERM, TO AN UNLIMITED EXTENT.

HEALTHY BILE.—When the liver is not making healthy bile, or insufficient quantity, the blood becomes impure—the groundwork of disease, and produces constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, headache, &c. ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" is the best remedy.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" *versus* BRANDY.—"There were a few attacks of mild dysentery, brought mainly on by ill-considered devotion to brandy, or biliousness produced by the same cause. For the latter we used ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' which is simply invaluable."—*Coral Lands*, Vol. I.

HOT COUNTRIES.—ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, &c.—"I have personally used ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' and know it not alone to be excellent, but really invaluable. Especially must this be the case in the hot countries of the East, where Acidity of the Stomach, Biliousness, and Fevers are so common."—J. M. Peebles, M.D., Author of *Around the World*, *Travels in Polynesia*, *China*, *India*, *Arabia*, *Egypt*, &c., &c.

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS.—"A new invention is brought before the public, and commands success. A score of *abominable imitations* are immediately introduced by the unscrupulous, who, in copying the original closely enough to deceive the public, and yet not so exactly as to infringe upon legal rights, exercise an ingenuity that, employed in an original channel, could not fail to secure reputation and profit."—Adams.

CAUTION.—*Legal Rights are protected in every civilised country. Examine each bottle and see that the Capsule is marked ENO'S "FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a* WORTHLESS IMITATION. *Sold by all Chemists, &c. Prepared only at* ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, Pomeroy St., London, S.E., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

DO YOU EVER

BUY WATCHES OR JEWELLERY?

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ONE THOUSAND BEAUTIFUL ENGRAVINGS

Of Watches and Jewellery of very latest designs. Birmingham supplies the World with Jewellery, and you will be astonished at the difference between Indian and Birmingham prices. Send for the Catalogue at once, so as to have it at hand when you or your friends want to buy Jewellery. Orders for a single article will receive equal attention with large orders.

We guarantee safe delivery of any parcels, small or large, all being insured through to our customers. Orders for India are executed by return mail (except such as have to be made to special instructions); the delay is thus minimised, and it is worth waiting to secure latest styles and saving 50 per cent.

We are well known in England, but as fraudulent advertisements are sometimes inserted, we shall be very pleased to send Bankers' references and highest testimonials to residents in India who may desire to entrust the execution of large parcels to us.

We shall also be glad to hear from Traders desirous of doing business in Watches or Jewellery. Our prices are so different to those usually charged, that our goods always sell readily.

J. C. LANGDON, DAVIES & CO.,

Practical Watch Manufacturers and Wholesale Jewellers,

BELGRAVE HOUSE, BRISTOL STREET, BIRMINGHAM.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE-AND-CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and
RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.
It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.
Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

TRADE MARK. BUYERS OF DAWSON'S BOOTS & SHOES SHOULD NOTE THAT NO GOODS are Genuine without TRADE MARK. TRY THE D BOOT THOROUGHLY WATERPROOF, MADE IN FOUR QUALITIES. WRITE FOR CATALOGUE JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS, 23, LONDON WALL, LONDON And OVERSTONE ROAD, NORTHAMPTON. Wholesale & Export Boot & Shoe Manufacturers.

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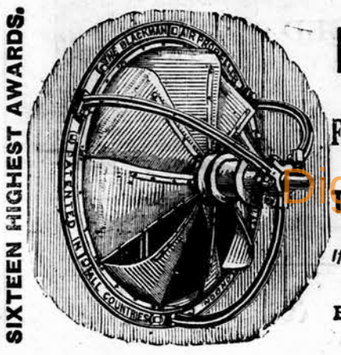

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If the necessary data be furnished, we supply free with each Blackman a working tracing of its application, based on wide and successful special experience.

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Cadbury's (REGISTERED) Cocoa

GUARANTEED PURE — GUARANTEED SOLUBLE

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Cadbury's Cocoa is guaranteed to be pure Cocoa.
Cadbury's Cocoa is Soluble in Boiling Milk and Water.
Cadbury's Cocoa contains all the delicious aroma of the natural article, without the excessive proportions of fat.
Cadbury's Cocoa is not reduced in value by the addition of Starch, Sugar, &c.
Cadbury's Cocoa is specially rich in flesh-forming and strength-sustaining qualities.

Cadbury's Cocoa is a gentle stimulant, and sustains against hunger & bodily fatigue.
Cadbury's Cocoa is delicious, nutritious, digestible, comforting, and a refined beverage suitable for all Seasons of the year.
In the whole process of manufacturing Cadbury's pure Cocoa, the automatic machinery employed obviates the necessity for its being once touched by the human hand.

PRECAUTION & WARNING.—Always ask for Cadbury's Cocoa. Always examine your Purchase. See that you have not been induced to accept an Imitation, and be wary of highly coloured and drugged preparations offered as pure Cocoa. Anything of a medicated character associated with Cocoa pays claims at once that it is not pure.

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY

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"THE CREAM OF OLD IRISH WHISKIES."
PURE, MILD and MELLOW.
DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.

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LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

Purchasers should see that the Label on every bottle of the original
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Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

"MOLLISCORIUM"
For Softening, Preserving and Waterproofing
HARNESS, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c.,
ALSO FOR OILING CARRIAGE AXLES.

HARNESS COMPOSITION,
For Nourishing the Leather and producing a Brilliant Polish.

BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS,
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may be ordered through any House in the Trade, either here or in the United Kingdom.
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HARNESS COMPOSITION (Waterproof) IN CONSTANT USE FOR 50 YEARS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.

EBONITE BLACKING (Waterproof) FOR BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.

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HARNESS LIQUID or Self-shining Jet.

POLISHING PASTE FOR CLEANING METALS.

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"The infant was very delicate; our medical adviser ordered your Food. The result in a short time was wonderful; the little fellow grew strong and fat, and is now in a thriving condition—in fact, 'the flower of the flock.'"

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BENGER'S FOOD FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN, INVALIDS AND DYSPEPTICS.

"It is palatable and excellent in every way. We have given it in very many cases with the most marked benefit, patients frequently retaining it after every other food has been rejected. For Children who throw up their food incurdled masses it is invaluable."—*London Medical Record.*

BENGER'S FOOD differs entirely from any other Food obtainable. It may be had of leading Chemists, &c., in tins at 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 5s.; or will be forwarded free by Parcels Post direct from the Manufacturers,

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Sold Everywhere ORIGINAL in Bottles at 12 Annas & Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 10.

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CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA. AGUE, CRAMP, COLIC, NEURALGIA, and DENGUE FEVERS.

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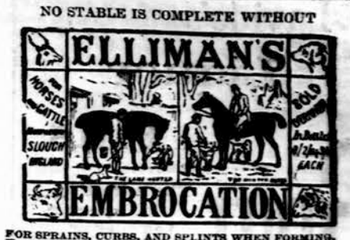

FOR SPRAINS, CURBS, AND SPLINTS WHEN FORMING.
FOR OVER-REACHES, CHAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS.
FOR RHEUMATISM IN HORSES AND FOR STRANGLES.
FOR SORE THROATS AND INFLUENZA.
FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS.
FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS.
FOR SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS.
FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

Remarks by Masters of Hounds,

From His Grace the Duke of Rutland.

Belvoir, Grantham, Dec. 1st, 1879.

SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables; I think it very useful.
RUTLAND,
Master of the Belvoir Hounds.

From Lord Haddington, Tyningham Prestonkirk, N. B.

December 27th, 1883.

SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it *indispensable* in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
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Master of the Berwickshire Hounds.

From the Earl of Harrington.

Jan. 9th, 1889.

SIR,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it the best that I can obtain.
HARRINGTON
Master of the South Wilts Hounds.

ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION.
Sold by Chemists, Stores, and Saddlers, Price 2s.

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TRADE MARK.

PASTA MACK For Bath & Toilet Use. This entirely new and excellent health-giving preparation SOFTENS THE WATER, gives it a most delicious odour, and BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION in a most extraordinary way. Should be in every Bathroom and Bedroom. *To be had of all respectable Chemists and Perfumers throughout the World.*
Sole Manufacturer and Inventor, H. MACK, Ulm o/D.

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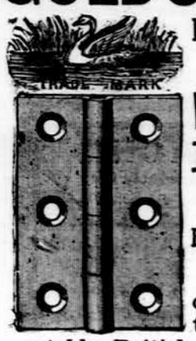

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WROUGHT IRON HINGES ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

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Are Sold by respectable Saddlers and Dealers throughout India.

Gained the First Prize at Sydney, Melbourne, and Adelaide Exhibitions, and a Diploma of Special Merit.

Manufactory and Show Room—
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"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy Sores.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure matter from whatever cause arising.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

"It is entirely free from any poison or metallic impregnation, does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good, safe, and useful medicine.—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR, M.D., F.R.S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology."

"The Hon. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy of India prescribes Clarke's Blood Mixture largely, and speaks highly of its efficacy in skin affections, &c. On this account we wrote asking if you could supply the Mixture for dispensing purposes."—Letter from A. John & Co., Druggists, &c., Agra, India, June, 1888.

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"Dear Sirs,—Through the merits of your excellent Clarke's Blood Mixture the large red pimples which covered my face are fast disappearing. For a long time I put up with the discomfort of these pimples thinking that nothing would do any good. At last I was persuaded to try your medicine, and now I have taken one bottle they are rapidly vanishing. It cannot be too highly recommended, and I am most grateful. I will tell all my friends about it, but they really do not require telling because they can see the difference for themselves. You may publish this if needful.—I am, gratefully yours,
"ISLA GERALDINE RIPON.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"Blood Mixture."

CAUTION.

Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the Bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

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Dr Laville's Liquor & Pills

(Perfectly harmless)

GOUT The unfailing specific FOR CURE OF & Rheumatism

THE LIQUOR to be used in acute state & THE PILLS in the Chronical state.

« A single bottle sufficient for two, » « to three months treatment. »

Sold by all respectable Chemists

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CINCHONA WINE

"It is an agreeable and doubtless highly efficacious remedy." (THE LANCET.)

This *Vinous-Elixir* is the most powerful and valuable of the preparations of cinchona as a strengthening and antifebrile restorative.

Been employed in cases of weakness and general debility, loss of appetite, change of life, fever nervousness, exhaustion, etc.

Also prepared with IRON *Dyspepsia*, purifying the Blood, for *Anemia*, *Chlorosis*, for *Scrofulous Affections*, etc.

PARIS, 22, RUE DROUOT, 22, PARIS

BOMBAY: PRUDHOMME & Co., Druggists.

" FALIÈRES' PHOSPHATINE "

A most agreeable food and of easy digestion

Invaluable for infants, particularly at the time of weaning

Facilitates dentition.

Insures the proper formation of bones and combats the defects of growth

NERVOUS MALADIES

QUICKLY CURED BY

FALIÈRES' Granulated Bromide *of Potassium*

Approved of by the Paris Academy of Medecine

With each Bottle is enclosed a spoon measure of 3 grains, the patient may thus himself prepare the solution as required, according to the prescription of the physician

SOLD BY ALL RESPECTABLE CHEMISTS.

WHOLESALE: *Bombay*, Kemp & C°; *Paris*, Chassaing & C°, 6, Avenue Victoria.

« *Messers CHASSAING & C° (members of the Jury at the Liverpool Exibition 1886) are the only French chemists whoses medicaments were awarded the Gold Medal & Certificat of merit 1st Class at the Calcutta Exibition 1883-84* ».

TOOTACHE

cured instantaneously by

MATHEY-CAYLUS

Japanese Drops

DIRECTIONS FOR USE WITH BOTTLE

4171 *Sold by all Chemists*

WHOLESALE: CLIN & C°, PARIS

NERVOUS DISEASES

Capsules of Dr CLIN

Laureate of the Faculty of Medicine of Paris. Montyon Prize

These **Capsules** are used with the greatest success in Mental affections *Asthma, Insomnia, Giddiness, Sick headache* and in all cases of nervous excitement.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE WITH BOTTLE.

4172 *Sold by all Chemists*

WHOLESALE: CLIN & C°, PARIS

Poorness of Blood, Debility

Dr RABUTEAU'S IRON

Dragees, Elixir & Syrup are superior to all other ferruginous preparations.

no COSTIVENESS, no DIARRHŒA

DIRECTIONS FOR USE WITH BOTTLE

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MATHEY-CAYLUS' INJECTION

Mathey-Caylus' Injection has been used for over twenty years with the greatest success by the leading physicians in London, Paris & New-York.

MATHEY-CAYLUS CAPSULES & INJECTION have been found superior to all other for the prompt cure of recent or chronic discharges

DIRECTIONS FOR USE WITH BOTTLE

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WHOLESALE: CLIN & C°, PARIS

Aubergier's CELEBRATED SYRUP & PASTE of Lactucarium

(OR JUICE OF THE LETTUCE)

Approved by the Paris Academy of Medecine

VERY EFFICACIOUS IN CURING

BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, INFLUENZA, ASTHMA, and all Affections of the respiratory organs.

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MARCKS & Co., Ld.,

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, BOMBAY AND POONA.

FANCY JEWELLED WATCHES AND RING WATCHES.

Fig. 14.

The most diminutive form of watch that is made.

Keyless Ring Watch, like sketch, Rs. 850.

MARQUISE, Enamelled and Diamond, Key winder, Rs. 550.

	Rs
A gold hunting keyless lady's watch, with enamelled forget-me-nots and an embellished dial	165
French chatelaine keyless watch, black onyx and diamond. The watch is octagonal, with raised diamond ornamentation, and on the square chatelaine hook is a diamond anchor, 18 carat, a superior watch	850
French chatelaine keyless watch, in the form of a miniature clock, beautifully enamelled ...	660
French chatelaine keyless watch, purple enamel classical heads, with the dial surrounded with pearls...	500
Ball Watch represents a blue enamelled ball set with diamonds, diameter of ball ¾ of an inch	925
A dial of ¾ inch in diameter, on gold shield, with a pearl set rim concealed under a lion's face, in bold repoussé, with diamond and ruby ornament in the mouth, and ruby eyes... ...	700
An artistically modelled gold elephant, 1½ inch high, with enamelled jhool set with diamonds, which flies up on releasing a spring, displaying the dial of the watch 5/16 inch only in diameter	950
gold lion, treated in the same way, with enamelled and diamond set saddle cloth concealing the watch.	1,000

THE BEETLE WATCH.

Fig. 13, Rs. 550.

Fig. 12 is richly encrusted with rubies and diamonds, and shows the appearance of the watch when closed. By pressing the point of the tail the wings open and disclose the dial.

Fig. 13 exhibits the wings of one of these Beetle Watches in dark blue or green enamel set with diamonds, in the act of opening.

The winding and setting is done by turning the pin on the beetle's head. Though the diminutive scale of the dial induces the impression of a very diminutive watch, there is in reality plenty of room in the insect's body for mechanism of the ordinary size.

	Rs.
A very artistic ornament which may be either worn as a pendant or pinned on the dress, containing a watch at the back is an enamelled pansy set with diamonds	680
In another a very small watch is enclosed in a diamond crescent and concealed under a boldly chased lion's face with emerald eyes, and surmounted by a diamond loop and rays	1,050

Fig. 12 Rs. 1,600.

Smaller gold keyless Marguerite, set with pearls and rubies, dial ¾ inch diameter	400
A very handsome gold keyless lady's watch, has a dial ¾ inch in diameter on a plain gold shield concealed under a dolphin set with diamonds, having ruby eyes with three large pearls in its mouth	1,100

Detailed and Illustrated Price List also of cheaper Watches free.

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THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

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MAGNESIA

Of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

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LUKE & SPENCER, LIMITED,

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Manufacturers of

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EMERY DISCS.

GRINDING AND POLISHING MACHINERY,

For Engineers, Machinists, Tool Makers, &c., &c.

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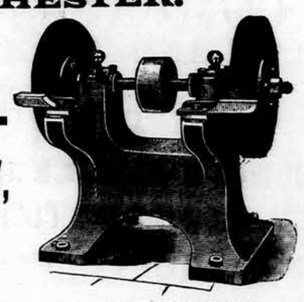

Universal Grinder. Pattern C.

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD!

ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT POTASH

COOLING! INVIGORATING! REFRESHING!

IMPROVES...	... Complexions.
PREVENTS...	... Sea Sickness.
PREVENTS	... Fever.
CURES ...	... Skin Diseases.
CURES ...	... Liver Affections.
CURES ...	... Rheumatism.
CURES ...	... Indigestion.
CURES ...	... Headache.
CURES ...	... Biliousness.

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD!

ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT POTASH

COOLING! INVIGORATING! REFRESHING!

It is in the form of a Powder, and when mixed with water makes a cooling and refreshing drink.

MARIE ROSE says:—"I have used your Effervescent Potash with remarkable results. It is really wonderful."

DR. CHAS. R. DAVIDSON, M.D., says:—"I find Abbey's Potash to be a nice and palatable form of medicine for Indigesion and for purifying the blood in rheumatism and febrile states of the system.

Testimonials also from SIMS REEVES, CHRISTINE NILSSON, ELLEN TERRY, DRS. THOS. E. LOVEGROVE, M.R.C.S., G. B. FRIER and many other eminent persons.

Guaranteed to keep fresh in any climate.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA AND BURMA,

CHARLES COX & Co., 4, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta,

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

NOTICE.—Abbey's Effervescent Potash can be obtained at all Chemists and Bazaars throughout India, or from the Wholesale Agents, CHARLES COX & Co., and PHILLIPS & Co., at Rs. 2 per large bottle including V.-P. Post Shopkeepers can obtain wholesale rates upon application. (235c—c)

May also be had retail from the following Chemists—Messrs. KEMP & Co., TREACHER & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., THOMSON & TAYLOR, FERNANDES & Co., WRIGHT & Co., ESPLANADE PHARMACY and others, and from Native Druggists in the Bazaar, and also from D. MACROPOLO & Co., Cigar Merchants, Meadow Street.

Are the best remedy.
Medicine,
Approved by the Paris Academy of
OF IRON,
OF UNALTERABLE IODIDE
CELEBRATED PILLS,
BLANCARD'S
Dificult Menstruation, Anæmia,
Green Sickness, Leucorrhœa,
Scorbutous Cachexia,
DEBILITATED CONSTITUTIONS.
LYMPHATIC, FEEBLE,
BLANCARD & Co., 40, rue Bonaparte, PARIS.

KNITTING WOOLS AND SILKS AT MILL PRICES.

THE PROVIDENCE MILLS SPINNING COMPANY, BRADFORD, Yorks, England,

Guarantee the full weight of 16oz. to the lb. Their Wools and Silks are not weighted with heavy dyes or chemicals, but are all of the Best Quality and Pure Fast Dye. Write for the Free Samples. Purchase direct, and save 3d. in the Shilling.

Mention this Paper.

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SANITARY TOWELS

FOR LADIES.

ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

An Eminent Medical Authority writes:—"One of the most valuable inventions for Women's comfort I have seen in the Quarter of a Century I have been in practice. I have distributed several gross amongst my patients, and in every instance they have been most valued and appreciated."

A Desideratum of the highest importance increased comfort, cleanliness: Less Liability to Chill when in delicate health. Diminution of Risks of Disease—No washing—Advantage to Ladies travelling.

MANUFACTURED IN TWO QUALITIES, No. 1 and 2, SUITING ALL CLASSES.

☞ *For protection against useless and injurious imitations, each Packet bears the Signature of the Patentee.*

SOUTHALL BROS. AND BARCLAY, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

Special Wholesale and Retail Agents for the Bombay Presidency: Treacher and Co., Ld., Bombay, Byculla and Poona. *For the Bengal Presidency:* Bathgate and Co., Calcutta. *Agents in the Punjab:* Ball Habson and Co., Umballa. *Agents in Lucknow:* Peake Allen & Co. *Agents in the Bombay Presidency:* Thomson & Taylor, Bombay Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld., Bombay; Kemp and Co., Ld. Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Mr. S. J. Noble, Bombay. *Agents for Kurrachee and Sind:* E. Speechly, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Kurrachee. Plomer & Co., Lahore.

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BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

THE LARGEST VARIETY OF THE ONLY RELIABLE Storm and Punkah-proof Lamps and Lanterns, with all the latest improvements made expressly for India.

The best Storm-proof Duplex Burners and Lamps from

THE FIRST ENGLISH HOUSES

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LAMP WAREHOUSE.

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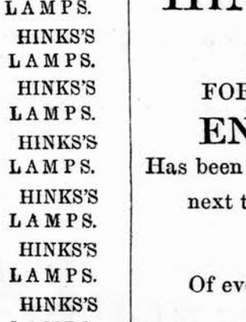

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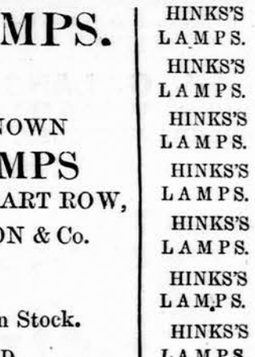

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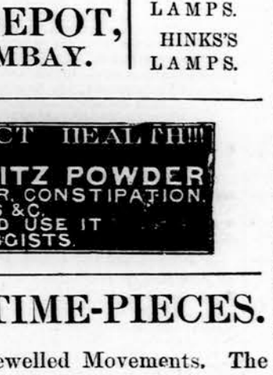

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